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THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 53—No. 45. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, November 15, 1871. Established 1818.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1,00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measures a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged ten cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

Business Directory.

BEAVER.

JAMES CAMERON, Attorney at Law, Beaver, Pa. Office over 3d st., in the rooms formerly occupied by the late Judge Cunningham. All business entrusted to him will receive *prompt* and *careful* attention. jeat:1y

JOHN B. YOUNG, Attorney at Law. Office and residence on Third st., east of the Court House. *Business promptly attended to.* ap27:1y

J. H. McCREERY, Attorney at Law. Office on Third st., below the Court House. All business promptly attended to. jeat

MRS. F. D. FAST, dealer in Millinery, Trimmings, Fancy Goods &c., on the corner of Third and Seminary streets. jo14'71-1y

E. P. KUHN, Attorney at Law. Office east end of Third street, Beaver, Pa. mar20:71:1y

DR. J. S. McNUTT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Special attention paid to treatment of Female Diseases. Residence and office on Third street, a few doors west of the Court-House. apr13'71:1y

HENRY YMERZ, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters; Main st. [sep28:1y

BEAVER DRUG STORE. Hugo Andriessen Druggist & Apothecary, Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. [sep28:1y

NEW BRIGHTON.

CHAS. COALE, Dealer in paints, oil, glass, nails, plate-glass, looking-glasses, frames, garden and flower-seeds and fancy fowls. Falls street, New Brighton. sep27:71-1y

F. LANGNECKER, dealer in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. Repairing neatly executed, Broadway, near Falls-st. nov17'71-1y

J. W. NIPPERT, Baker & Confectioner. Ice cream, Oysters and Game in season. Balls, Pic-Nics, Weddings, &c., supplied. nov1

T. N. SMITH, opposite Press office, Broadway, Dealer in the best building materials, glass, nails and putty, which he furnishes to contractors and builders cheap for cash. oct25 71-1y

H. & F. METZ, Bridge street, dealers in fresh meat and fat cattle, will visit Beaver on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week. oct25'71-1y

G. EVERARD—Dry Goods, Groceries, Notions Queensware, &c. Highest price for good butter and produce generally. Opposite Presbyterian Church, Broadway. [sep27'71-1y

C. WINTER,—Watchmaker, Jeweler and Optician, 224 Broadway. sep27-71-1y

WM. H. McDONALD Dealer in Fine Teas, choice Family Groceries, Queensware, Glassware, Woodenware, Willow ware, &c. Broadway, near Falls-st. sep27-71-1y

C. R. TUTTLE, M. D.—222 Broadway, New-Brighton, makes the treatment of chronic diseases and female weaknesses a specialty. Consultation free to the poor every Sunday from 1 to 3 o'clock, p. m. sep27'71-1y

A. D. GILLILAND & CO., Dealers in fancy and Domestic Dry Goods, Millinery, Groceries, Provisions, &c. Broadway, New Brighton. [sp27

J. McCLAIN—Photograph Gallery. Every variety of Pictures neatly executed. Corner of Falls and Broadway, New Brighton. [sp27

WM. WALLACE, Dealer in Italian & American Marble; Manufacturer Monuments, Gravestones & slabs at reasonable prices. Railroad st., near new Depot, New Brighton. [sep27

H. H. MILLS, Billiards, Tobacco, Cigars and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Broadway, near Apple sep27-71-1y

J. STEWART & CO.—Groceries, Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Canned Fruits, and everything to be found in a first class grocery. Bridge St., near Locust. (sep13:1y

UMSTEAD & WISNER, Dealers in Boots, Shoes & Gaiters, near Stemon's Confectionery, Broadway. je21:y

MRS. L. YOUNG & M. UMSTEAD, Dealers in Notions, Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Hosiery, Dress-making. Cor. Apple & Broadway. je17:y

DON TON RESTAURANT and EATING SALOON, meales at all hours; table supplied with the delicacies of the season. Prices low. Wm. Strickland, cor. of Paul and Broadway. my24'71-1y

PROSPECT MOUNT NURSERIES.—Evergreens and small Fruits. Three miles east of New Brighton. (my29'71-1y] E. THOMAS.

DRUGS.—GILLILAND & KERR, Druggists and Apothecaries, cor. Broadway and Falls sts. New Brighton, Pa. (Successors to L. B. Noss.) feb23-71-1y

GEO. F. NIEMON, Bakery & Confectionery, 6 R R street. Special attention given to weddings and balls; oysters and ice-cream. [sep14 1y

S. & J. SNELLENBERG, Merchant Tailors, Broadway, New Brighton. See ads [sep14:1y

H. NOSS, Photographer. Wilson's Block, Broadway. Best photographs from re-touched negatives. [sep14:1y

EVAN PUGH, Dealer in Wall Paper, Window Blinds, Books, Stationery & Notions; Broadway, New Brighton, Pa. [sep21.1y

BEAVER FALLS.

WM. ROBERTSON, Dealer in the justly celebrated Domestic Sewing Machine. Call and be convinced. Main st., B. Falls. (sp27

D. STEWART & SON, Dealers in Yankee Notions, &c., Main St., Beaver Falls. sep23:1y

A. FLEMING, *Dealer in Boots and Shoes of every description at low prices, and of a superior quality*, Main St. Beaver Falls Pa. jan18:1y

BRIDGEWATER.

L. SWEINMAN, Manufacture of Boots and Shoes Bridge St., Bridgewater. (sep27.1y

MALL & WALTHER, Market street, above Bridge, blacksmithing generally. oct25 1y

J. C. MOLTER, dealer in Coal of all kinds Bank at McKinley's Run. aug27-71 1y

MRS. HART DARRAGH, Saxon, Portrait and Photograph Painter. Work promptly executed at reasonable rates. nov22f

GEORGE HEIDEGGER, House and Sign Painter, Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. apr12'71:1y

A. BREHM, Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., Dealer in Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silver Ware, Spectacles, &c. Watches, clocks and jewelry repaired. [feb15'71:1y

DANIEL MILLER, Fashionable Tailor. None but experienced workmen employed. Shop on Bridge st., Bridgewater, Pa. feb27-71-1y.

JAMES PORTER, Tinner. Dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron ware, and Iron Cistern Pumps. Bridge st, Bridgewater. (sep14:1y

A. C. HURST, Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Furs, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Trimmings, Bridge st., Bridgewater, Pa. sep14;1y

ROCHESTER.

MRS. BRISBIN, Millinery, Fashionable Dress-making & Ladies' Furnishing Goods. First door above Cross' Store, New York st. nov1

WILL SMITH & CO., Fancy Dry Goods, Notions and Millinery. Madison st., near Diamond, Rochester, Pa. (sep14;1y

BOYD & SHAW, Manufacturers of Wagons, Coaches, Buggies, Spring-wagons, sulkeys, &c. Blacksmithing and Horseshoeing done in the best manner. Rochester, Pa [sep20-1y.

WHISLER & LINNENBRINK, Dealers in Choice Groceries, Flour, and Mill Feed of every description, cor. Brighton & Adams streets, Rochester, Pa. sep28;1y

JAMES H. CALKINS & CO., Well-diggers, Cistern Builders &c., Rochester Pa., near the Cemetery. sep20;1y.

J. W. HANKINS—Dealer in Boots, Shoes & Gaiters, and agents for Singer's Sewing machine, New York and R. R. Sts. Rochester. (feb23;1y

J. SIGMUND GROSZ, Gunsmith. New work, of the best material, made to order. All work warranted. Repairing neatly done. Prices Low. Adam St., Rochester, Pa. jan16;1y

HENRY LAPP, Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all kinds. Brighton st., above Plow Factory. See adv't. (sep14;1y

SAMUEL C. HANNEN, Druggist. Prescriptions carefully compounded. Water st., Rochester. (sep14:1y

SPEYERER & SONS, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Grain, Boots, Shoes & Nails. Cor. Water & James sts.

M. MILLER & CO., Contractors and Builders. Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Shutters &c. Deal in Lumber, Lath &c., Rochester. [sep28;1y

CLIFF, KEELER & WILLIAMS, Successors to Larkins & Co., Dealers in Sawed and Planed Lumber, Lath & Shingles, Rochester. sp28;1y

DOWER'S LIVERY STABLE & COAL YARD, between R. R. station and Ohio river. se28;1y

STEPPLER & CLARK, proprietors of Johnston House. Good accommodations and good stables. Near R. R. Depot. oct19;1y

J. D. MILLER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c. Repairing done neatly and promptly. Store on the Diamond, Rochester, Pa. oct19;1y

J. WALTER & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Wagons, Coaches, Buggies, Spring-wagons, Sulkeys, &c. Blacksmithing and horseshoeing done in the best manner. Rochester, Pa. no16;y

ALLEGHENY CITY.

DR. J. S. WINANS, Electrical Physician; Chronic diseases made a specialty. Office, 187 Washington avenue, Allegheny City, Pa. [sep14;1y

STRUNZ & WETZEL, the only manufacturers of Genuine Wax Soap. No 8 to 16 Bingham street, Birmingham, Allegheny county, Pa. [jy5-1y

EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

JAKE SHENKEL.—A general assortment of Groceries, Queensware, Canned Fruits, &c. Cor. 3d & Broadway. mar8;1y

JOSIAH THOMPSON & CO.—Dealers in Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots Shoes, Hats & Caps, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Queensware, Glassware, &c., 70 Broadway & Cook sts. E. Liverpool. (mr8;1y

M. S. HILL & CO. Druggist, Broadway, near R. R. Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. feb1;1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. B. SNEAD, Freedom, Beaver county, Pa., dealer in Sawed and Planed LUMBER of all kinds. Flats and Barges built to order. jan9'71:y

JOHN THORNLEY, Manufacturer of the Great Republic Cooking Stove, and Patentee of Portable extension, top and centre. Fallston, Pa.

WORK AND PLAY.

INSTRUCTION with amusement. The best, cheapest, and most popular Magazine for the young. Only $1.00 per year. The occupations, amusements and instruction of the whole family a specialty. New Games, Home Amusements, Instructive Sketches, Drawing Lessons, splendid Puzzles and beautiful Oil Chromos are prominent features in this original Magazine. Inquire for it at the News Rooms, or send ten cents to the publishers for a sample copy, with the most liberal list ever offered for clubbing with all the popular Magazines. Splendid premiums and cash commissions offered to ladies who secure clubs.

MILTON BRADLEY & CO., Publishers. nov1;4w Springfield, Mass.

G. S. BARKER F. A. BARKER. C. A. BARKER.

G. S. BARKER & Co., *New Brighton, Pa.* AND

G. S. BARKER & Co., *Beaver Falls, Pa.*

BANKERS,

Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c., &c.—Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canada. Accounts of Merchants, Manufacturers, and Individuals, solicited. Interest allowed on time deposites. Correspondence will receive prompt attention. [dec31;1y

Miscellaneous.

CARPETS! CARPETS!! CARPETS!

OIL CLOTHS! OIL CLOTHS!

OIL CLOTHS!

RUGS! RUGS! RUGS!

RUGS!!!

MATTINGS! MATTINGS!

MATTINGS!

Having bought a large stock before the recent advance, I am selling at old prices. Call and see my stock and prices and satisfy yourself. A. C. HURST.

Bridgewater, Aug. 30—2m.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH PERFECTED!—T. J. & H. J. CHANDLER have purchased the exclusive right of Beaver county to use Dr. Stuck's Patent by which they can put up Vulcanite as thin as Gold Plate, with a beautiful enameled polish; and so light and elastic as to perfectly adapt itself to the mouth: obviating all that clumsy and bulky condition, so much complained of heretofore; and lessening their liability to break 100 per cent. Indeed, no one seeing, it would be willing to wear the old style plate any longer than they could conveniently get them exchanged. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most substantial manner. In filling teeth with gold, etc., we challenge competition from any quarter, and can refer to living subjects whose fillings have stood between thirty and forty years. Among the number Hon. John Allison will exhibit fillings we inserted some 35 years ago; the teeth as perfect as the day they were filled. Laughing Gas prepared on a new plan. Freeing it from all impleasant and dangerous effects, making the extraction of teeth a source of pleasure rather than of horror and pain. Prices as low as any good dentist in the State. Office at Beaver Station, Rochester Pa. nov3:tf] T. J. & H. J. CHANDLER.

Brighton Paper Mills,

BEAVER FALLS, PENN'A.

PRINTING,

MANILLA,

ROOFING, BAILING,

Hardware, Glass, Straw.

RAG AND CARPET

PAPERS,

MANUFACTURED

And Sold At

Wholesale & Retail by

Frazier, Metzger & Co.,

82 Third Avenue,

PITTSBURGH.

Rags taken in exchange. [sep19'69:f

Homes Still Larger

FOR THE MILLION!

Rare opportunities are now offered for securing homes in a mild, healthy, and congenial climate for one-third of their value five years hence.

THE NATIONAL REAL ESTATE AGENCY has for sale real estate of every description, located in the Middle and Southern States: *improved stock, grain and fruit farms; rice, sugar and cotton plantations; lumber and mineral lands; city, village, and rural residence, and business stands; mills and mill sites, factories, &c.*

Write for *Land Register* containing description, location, price and terms of properties we have for sale. Address—R. W. CLARKE & CO.

The National Real Estate Agency,

Washington, D. C.

may3:6m.

D. S. Ranger,

Bridge Street,

BRIDGEWATER, PA.

IS WEEKLY RECEIVING A FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

DRY GOODS.

Steubenville Jeans,
Cassimeres and Sattinets,
White Woolen Blankets,
White and Colored and
Barred Flannels,
Merinos,
Delaines,
Plaids,
Ginghams,
Cobergs,
Lawns,
Water Proofs,
Chinchilla,
Cloths,
Woolen Shawls,
Brown and Black Muslins,
Drilling, Tickings,
Prints,
Canton
Flannels,
Jaconets,
Table Linen,
Irish Linen,
Crash,
Counterpanes,
Hosiery,
Gloves,
& Mits.

Groceries,

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, White Silver Drips, Golden and Common Syrups, Mackerel in barrels and kits, Star and Tallow Candles, Soap, Spices and Mince Meat. Also, SALT.

Hardware, Nails, Glass,

Door Locks, Door Latches, Hinges, Screws, Table Cutlery, Table and Tea Spoons, Sleigh Bells, Coal Boxes, Fire Shovels and Pokers, Nails and Glass. Spades, Shovels, Hoes, and 4 Tine Forks, Rakes, Scythes and Snaths, Corn and Garden Hoes.

WOODENWARE.

Buckets, Tubs, Churns, Butter Prints and Ladles

CARBON OIL,

Linseed Oil & White Lead.

Boots and Shoes

LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES. in great variety.

Rifle Powder and Shot,

Blasting Powder and Fuse.

Flour Feed & Queensware.

All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

By close attention to business, and by keeping constantly on hand a well assorted stock of goods of all the different kinds usually kept in a country store, the undersigned hopes on the future as in the past to merit and receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

D. S. RANGER.

dec2'69:1y.—]rchgd.

CITY BOTTLING HOUSE,

No. 39 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

J. C. Buffum & Co.

BOTTLERS OF

Sarsaparilla, Mineral and Raspberry Soda Waters, Syrups and Cider. Smith's Kennett, Wainwrights, and all the best brands of Ale and London Porter, selected and bond bottled for Medical and Family use. Goods delivered free. [mr8:71:1y

ALLEGHENY BREWERY.—Spring Water Ales, SMITH & CO., Brewers, Malters and Hop dealers. No. 465 Rebecca street, Allegheny, Pa. THOS. BOOTA. R. A YOUNG.

Highest cash price paid for Barley. jy5:1y

STEREOSCOPES,

VIEWS,
ALBUMS,
CHROMOS,
FRAMES,

—:o:—

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

591 Broadway, New-York.

Invite the attention of the trade to their extensive assortment of the above goods, *of their own publication, manufacture and importation.*

Also,

PHOTO LANTERN SLIDES and GRAPHOSCOPES.

NEW VIEWS OF YOSEMITE.

E. & H. T. Anthony & Co.,

591 Broadway, New York.

Opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

Importers and Manufacturers of

PHOTOGRAPHIC MATERIALS.

mar8;71—1y

Railroads.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY. On and after May 28th, 1871, trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows.—[Train leaving Chicago at 5.35, P. M., leaves daily.] [Train leaving Pittsburgh at 3.00 P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	EXP'S.	EXP'S.	MAIL.	EXP'S
Pittsburgh	12.5AM	10.55AM	7.10AM	3.00PM
Rochester	2.23	12.05PM	8.45	4.25
Salem	4.55	3.00	11.45	6.55
Alliance				
Canton				
Massillon				
Orrville	6.28	4.43	1.55PM	8.35
Wooster				
Mansfield	8.08	6.40	4.23	10.31
Crestline { A	8.55	7.10	5.00	11.00
Crestline { D	9.30	7.45	5.55AM	11.20
Bucyrus				
Upper Sandusky				
Forest	10.27	9.20	7.33	1.25AM
Lima	11.22	10.50	8.50	2.55
Van Wert				
Fort Wayne	1.45PM	1.25AM	11.40	6.00
Columbia				
Warsaw				
Plymouth	3.33	3.45	2.25PM	8.35
Valparaiso				
Chicago	6.2	7.30	6.00	12.10PM

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	EXP'S.	EXP'S.	MAIL.	EXP'S
Chicago	9.20AM	5.35PM	5.00AM	9.20PM
Valparaiso				
Plymouth	11.53	9.05	9.45	12.30AM
Warsaw				
Columbia				
Fort Wayne	3.15PM	1.30	1.40PM	3.15
Van Wert				
Lima	4.58	1.22AM	3.07	5.15
Forest	4.33	2.50	4.27	6.35
Upper Sandusky				
Bucyrus				
Crestline { A	6.15	4.30	6.00	7.20
Crestline { D	6.35	4.30	1.945	8.55
Mansfield	7.05	5.00	1.25	9.25
Wooster				
Orrville	9.00	6.57	3.45	11.49
Massillon				
Canton				
Alliance	10.25	8.50	5.50	1.45PM
Salem				
Rochester	1.23AM	11.05	6.25	4.25
Pittsburgh	1.25	1.10PM	9.35	5.30

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leaves Youngstown at 2.10 p. m; New Castle, 2.55 p.m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 5.15 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh 7.00 a. m; arr. at New Castle, 9.30 a. m. Youngstown, 10.20. a. m.

Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 6.30 a. m; New Castle, 1.20 a. m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 10.10 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh, 3.00 p. m; arrives New Castle 6.45 p.m.

F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD. On and after May 28th 1871, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'S.	ACCOM.
Cleveland	8.40AM	4.20PM	4.30PM
Euclid Street			
Hudson	10.00	5.35	5.50
Ravenna	10.30	5.52	6.23
Alliance	11.30	6.52	7.10
Bayard	12.02PM	7.03	
Wellsville	1.35	8.20	

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'S.	ACCOM
Wellsville	9.00AM	3.08PM	
Bayard	10.33	4.28	
Alliance	11.35	5.30	7.25AM
Ravenna	12.20PM	5.53	8.15
Hudson	1.53	6.17	8.55
Euclid Street			
Cleveland	3.50	7.20	10.10

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	ACCOM	MAIL.	EXP'S	ACCOM
Bellair	4.50AM	11.10AM	5.55PM	
Bridgeport	5.00	11.20	6.05	
Steubenville	6.05	12.25PM	7.10	
Wellsville	7.20	1.35	8.40	
Smith's Ferry				
Beaver				
Rochester	8.30	2.55	9.35	
Pittsburgh	9.40	4.00	10.40	

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXP'S.	ACCOM	ACCOM
Pittsburgh	6.30AM	1.10PM	4.55PM	
Rochester	7.40	2.10	6.05	
Beaver				
Smith's Ferry				
Wellsville	8.55	3.15	7.45	
Steubenville	9.55	4.10	9.00	
Bridgeport	10.57	5.00	9.50	
Bellair	11.10	5.18	10.10	

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves.	Arrives.
N. Philadelphia 6.40a.m.	Bayard 9.45 a. m.
Bayard 12.10 p. m.	N. Philadelphia 5.00 p. m.

Miscellaneous.

CLOTHING STORE.

NEW GOODS!

SUMMER STOCK.

The undersigned takes pleasure in informing his friends and the public generally that he has just received and opened

A New Stock of Goods,

OF THE LATEST STYLES FOR

Summer Wear.

He keeps the best of workmen in his employ, and feels confident of his ability to cut and make up garments both

FASHIONABLE & DURABLE.

and in such a manner as will please his customers.

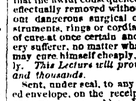
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

Call and see us before leaving your Orders Elsewhere

WILLIAM REICH, Jr.

may4;70:1y Bridgewater, Pa



The Great Cause of HUMAN MISERY. *Just Published* in a Sealed Envelope. *Price, 6 cts.*

A Lecture on the nature, treatment and radical cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; *Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c.* by ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self Abuse may be effectually removed without medicines, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. *This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.*

Sent, under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the Publishers, CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York, P. O. Box, 4,586. apr5-1y:chdy5.sep27

J. MOORE

DRUGGIST

Prescriptions Carefully and Accurately Compounded.

THE BEST BRANDS OF ASSORTED

Medicinal

WINES AND LIQUORS,

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

ANILINE DYES OF ALL COLORS,

GLASS & PUTTY;

Special attention given to secure the best quality of Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns &c.

A Large Assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES &

PATENT MEDICINES,

Main Street, Beaver Pa. [Dec7, '70:1

Medicinal.

AN APPEAL

To Debilitated Persons,
To Dyspeptics,
To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,
To those having no Appetite,
To those with Broken Down Constitutions,
To Nervous People,
To Children Wasting Away,
To any with Debilitated Digestive Organs,

Or Suffering with any of the following Symptoms, which indicate Disordered Liver or Stomach:

Such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c; Sudden Flushes of Heat; Burning in the Flesh; Constant Imaginings of Evil; and Great Depression of Spirits.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

A Bitters without Alcohol, or Spirits of any Kind,

Is different from all others. It is composed of the pure juices, or **Vital Principle of Roots, Herbs and Barks,** (or, as medicinally termed, Extracts,) the worthless or inert portions of the ingredients not being used. Therefore, in one bottle of these Bitters there is contained as much medicinal virtue as will be found in *several gallons* of ordinary mixtures. The Roots, &c, used in this Bitters, are grown in Germany, their vital principles extracted in that country by a scientific Chemist, and forwarded to the manufactory in this city, where they are compounded and bottled. Containing no spirituous ingredients, this Bitters is free from the objections urged against all others; no desire for stimulents can be induced from their use; they cannot make drunkards, and cannot, under any circumstances, have any but a beneficial effect.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Was compounded for those not inclined to extreme bitters, and is intended for use in cases when *some* alcoholic stimulent is required in connection with the Tonic properties of the Bitters. Each bottle of the Tonic contains one bottle of the Bitters, combined with pure SANTA CRUZ RUM, and flavored in such a manner that the extreme bitterness of the Bitters is overcome, forming a preparation highly agreeable and pleasant to the palate, and containing the medicinal virtues of the Bitters. The price of the Tonic is $1.50 per Bottle, which many persons think too high. They must take into consideration that the stimulant used is guaranteed to be of a pure quality. A poor article could be furnished at a cheaper price, but is it not better to pay a little more and have a good article? A medicinal preparation should contain none but the best ingredients; and they who expect to obtain a cheap compound, and be benefitted by it will most certainly be cheated.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

OR

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

WITH HOOFLAND'S

Podophyllin Pill,

WILL CURE YOU!

BLOOD PURIFIERS

Known to the Medical world, and will eradicate diseases arising from impure Blood, Debility of the Digestive Organs, or diseased Liver, in a shorter time than any other known remedies.

THE WHOLE SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA SPEAK for these REMEDIES. Who would ask for more dignified and stronger testimony?

Hon. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, formerly Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, at present Member of Congress from Pennsylvania, writes:

PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of nervous action in the system. Yours truly,

GEORGE W. WOODWARD

Hon. JAMES THOMPSON, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania:

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1867.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,
JAMES THOMPSON.

Hon. GEORGE SHARSWOOD, Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania:

PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1868.

I have found by experience that "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a very good tonic, relieving dyspeptic symptoms almost directly. GEO. SHARSWOOD.

Hon. WM. F. ROGERS, Mayor of the City of Buffalo, New York:

Mayor's Office, Buffalo, June 22, '69.

I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters and Tonic in my family during the past year, and can recommend them as an excellent tonic, imparting tone and vigor to the system. Their use has been productive of decidedly beneficial effects.

WM. F. ROGERS.

Hon. James M. Wood, *Ex-Mayor of Williamsport Pennsylvania:*

I take great pleasure in recommending "Hoofland's German Tonic" to any one who may be afflicted with Dyspepsia. I had the Dyspepsia so badly it was impossible to keep any food on my stomach, and I became reduced so low as to be unable to walk half a mile. Two bottles of Tonic effected a perfect cure. JAMES M. WOOD.

REMEMBER THAT

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

Will Cure every Case of

Marasmus,

Or Wasting away of the body.

REMEMBER

THAT

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES

Are the medicines you require to purify the Blood, excite the torpid liver to healthy action, and to enable you to pass safely through any hardships or exposure.

DR. HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN,

Or Substitute for Mercury Pills

TWO PILLS A DOSE.

The Most Powerful, yet Innocent, Vegetable Cathartic known.

It is not necessary to take a handful of these Pills to produce the desired effect; two of them act quickly and powerfully, cleansing the Liver, Stomach and Bowels of all impurities. The principal ingredient is Podophyllin, or the Alcoholic Extract of Mandrake, which is by many times more powerful, acting and searching than Mandrake itself. Its peculiar action is upon the Liver, cleaning it speedily from all obstructions, with all the power of Mercury, yet free from the injurious results attached to that mineral.

For all diseases, in which the use of a cathartic is indicated, these pills will give entire satisfaction in every case. They *never fail.*

In cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and ex-treme poverty of the blood, Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic builds up the system. The Bitters or Tonic purifies the Blood, strengthens the Nerves, regulates the Liver, and gives strength, energy and vigor.

Keep your Bowels active with the Pills, and tone up the system with Bitters or Tonic, and no disease can retain the hold, or even assail you.

Recollect that it is DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN Remedies that are so universally used and highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggist to induce you to take anything else that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it.

These remedies will be sent by express to any locality, upon application to the PRINCIPAL OFFICE, at the GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, No. 631, ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor.

Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

These Remedies are for Sale by Druggists, Storekeepers and Medicine Dealers everywhere. jan18-1y-chdy5;oct28,

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WATCH AGENCY

—AND—

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—:o:—

Silver Waltham Watches, $15, $20, $25, $30, $35.

Gold Waltham Watches, $60, $70, $80, $90.

Ladies' Gold Watches, $25, $30, $35, $40, $50.

—:o:—

CHAINS, JEWELRY,

—AND—

SILVER-WARE.

AMERICAN & SETH THOMAS'

CLOCKS.

Fine Spectacles and Eye Glasses.

—:o:—

E. P. ROBERTS,

No. 16 Fifth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Prices, on all goods, greatly reduced. My present large stock must be closed out, in order to rebuild. [nov15-1y

SELECT MISCELLANY.

HOW I CAME TO BE AN OLD MAID.

"Why don't you get married!" my friends used often to say to me; latterly since the gray hairs began to shine through the brown along my temples, and a long ago sorrowful struggle has worked itself into long lines along my forehead, they generally say.

"Why didn't you get married?"

I have taxed my imagination sadly to make answers to these inquiries, one time and another have told a great many stories, for which, by-the-way, I have never had a melancholy conscience for an hour. These fabrications have been harmless, and not only served to amuse my listeners, but also to fill up and smooth off various little sections of time that would else have been laid in the great wall of the past jagged and uncomely enough.

Well, I had no worse sins to answer for.

A few nights ago I offered the subjoined apology—it might have been true, every word of it; my listener, Mrs. Robinson, believed it; I am sure she did, for twice I heard her sigh, and once I thought I heard her wipe her eyes, albeit she is not given to the melting mood. We have come to be very good friends, though we are not on the same "plane," and in all human probability never shall be. She is married, fat, comfortable and respectable, I of course am none of these things; being an old maid, how could I be?

When I first began to afford a carriage once or twice a year, and make out a list of people who must be called the rest. She was one of the few whom I was sure of finding at home, and she never kept any carriage, (at a dollar an hour) waiting long at the door, but came down at once in a dress of black silk trimmed with flounces, wearing ear-rings as big as the half moon, and a watch with a great many charms and other showy appendages.

It was her pleasant custom to hope I was well, to ask that I would take the easy chair, and to inquire what was new in literature. She knew I was the New York correspondent of a Western newspaper, and the last question simply complimentary—put on the ground of disinterested benevolence, purely, and having demeaned herself of this polite obligation to me, she glided naturally into her own affairs, and the remainder of my limited time with her (I was always limited on these occasions) was filled up with talk about the baby who was teething, the oldest girl who was taking French and music lessons, and of the exceeding difficulty of getting a cook who would not quarrel with the chamber-maid.

Then she would hope she would see more of me in the future, say something about the day, to get me out on, bow and smile, and that was the last of Mrs. Robinson for several months, when she would return my call, ask what was new in literature, and so repeat her familiar staple of conversation.

At length she came into our block, and asked me to her house very sociably—in short, when one of the children had a birthday party, and she invited her sister Nancy from the country, uncle John from Indiana, who happened to be in town "buying goods," and one or two plainish neighbors. Gradually it came about that she borrowed our silver teaspoons and candlesticks on festive occasions, with perhaps a little extra china, and a dozen or two of forks; also, now and then, in some exigency of housekeeping, our bed key and hammer. So Mrs. Robinson and I were excellent friends, for after all, these trifles are the stuff that friendship is made of.

But to my apology. It was that visionary slip of time between sunset and night; there was a circle of shining warmth about the hearth, within which I had drawn my chair, and with my baby nephew on my knee was going

"Trot, trot to Boston
To buy a little cake,"

when our remarkable journey was interrupted by Mrs. Robinson, who with a great coil of white net about her head, and out of breath, had just run in for a minute.

When she had arranged the blower so as to send the heat up the chimney, and exclaimed between the heavings of her stifled bosom, that my room was a great deal too warm, she kissed the dimpled hands and mouth of my pet, and asked with a direct earnestness that appealed to my sincerity:

"Why did you never get married?" Just think what a delight it would be if such a child as that was yours!"

"Yes," I said; "if its father was mine too."

"What?" and Mrs. Robinson stared at me terribly.

She had not perceived my meaning, and I explained that love should go before children; that they were not a primary need of nature, as love was, but an outward growth from it.

She shook her head doubtously, and answered: "Well, that isn't telling me why you never got married!"

"Twas only throwing words away."

I saw, to talk to Mrs. Robinson of love and marriage, as I understood them, for an "eligible match" is not marriage, according to my creed; so I sloped the wing of my philosophy down to the easy things to understand, and said: "You know, Mrs. Robinson, I was younger once than I am now; well, it happened once that I invested all my affections in one desperate hazard—I lost. In the wide world I had nothing anywhere to fall back upon, and here I am, all my friends my creditors to a great amount; I never shall pay them in this world,

The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Beaver, Pa., Nov. 15th, 1871.

THE elections on Tuesday of last week, resulted substantially as follows:

The Republicans carried the State of New York by about 15,000 majority. In the City of New York the Reform, or Anti-Tammany ticket was elected by about 25,000 majority. The Republicans have both Houses of the Legislature. Tweed, however, is elected Senator from one of the New York city districts.

Massachusetts elected the whole Republican ticket by about 15,000 majority. Both branches of the Assembly are overwhelmingly Republican.

New Jersey seems to have gone Democratic by about 5,000, against the 4,053 Republican majority of last year. In the Legislature, however, we have twelve Senators to the Democrats nine, and thirty-six Assemblymen to their thirty-four—making a trifling Republican gain. We have had a Republican Legislature and Democratic Governor for sometime in New Jersey.

In Minnesota the Republicans have as usual swept the State by a handsome majority, though Austin, the present Governor, runs behind his ticket, on account of personal weakness which attached great disfavor to his name in the canvass.

As far as heard from Kansas has gone Republican by an increased majority.

Illinois has done nobly; both Republican Congressmen are elected, and the Union, or "Fire-Proof" ticket in Chicago is successful by about 3,000 majority.

Maryland elected a Democratic Governor and a Democratic State ticket, but by a greatly reduced majority. The Legislature is also Democratic, but the Republicans have elected fifteen members this year, to one last year.

On the whole, therefore, the Republican successes have exceeded the most sanguine expectations, and the road to victory next year seems almost entirely unobstructed.

THE corn crop of the west, the present season, has proved the best harvested for years. In many portions of Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, and Minnesota corn is offered in the cribs at from ten to fifteen cents a bushel. In Illinois and Kentucky the yield has been beyond all precedent. The wheat crop has also been very large. In Europe, on the contrary, there appears to have been a heavy deficit in the grain harvests in nearly all countries. In England the general falling off has been variously estimated at from fifteen to twenty per cent.; while in Hungary, the Danubian Principalities, portions of Austria, and in Southern Russia—all countries that have usually exported large quantities of grain—there has been a great decrease from the average production. The ravages of the potato rot and the cattle disease in Great Britain will increase the demand for grain and animal food, and ply born in any quantity at reasonable prices, as cheap bacon and pork, articles extensively consumed everywhere, are the natural consequence of cheap corn.

IT is announced that the Hon. A. K. McClure will be a candidate for the Republican nomination for State Senator in the Fourth (Pa.) district, in place of Connell, deceased. It is also stated that General Cameron is violently opposed to McClure's nomination, and is now urging the President to intimate to the Federal officers in Philadelphia that McClure's nomination must be resisted. We are inclined to believe that General Cameron is engaged in the business here imputed to him, but we cannot think that the President will allow himself to be used against one of the most capable men in Pennsylvania, simply because General Cameron insists upon his doing so. Should the President, however, yield, and order his subordinates in Philadelphia to assist in the unmanly work of defeating McClure for the State Senate, himself, and not the Pennsylvanian will suffer most, in public estimation, by the transaction.

—Since the above was in type we have received the Philadelphia *Bulletin* which contains the subjoined extract. We need scarcely say that we are highly gratified to learn that President Grant declines to become embroiled in Gen. Cameron's quarrels in this State:

> Whatever may be Senator Cameron's views as to nominating Col McClure for Senator in the Fourth District, President Grant distinctly disavows any opposition to the movement. The Senator may have sought to impose—but he will not the President; but, if so, he was not successful. The President hopes to be supported by the entire Republican party for re-election, and he will not lend his efforts to alienate powerful elements from his interests under any circumstances, and especially does he desire to see the entire element harmonizing with his friends. I have reason to believe that recently he took steps in that direction himself, which Col McClure fully understands and appreciates. Secretary Robeson has, on several occasions, freely conferred with Col. McClure with the most satisfactory results, as to harmonizing all the Republican elements for next year.
>
> There will, therefore, be no interference from this quarter in politics; nor will there be any Administration interference anywhere that does not aim to put the ablest and best leaders in the front of the ranks for the coming Presidential battle, regardless of mere personal differences of opinion on minor matters. The greatest danger of the Republican party now is in the attempts made by interested parties to force many of the best men out of the organization, and compel a fusion of all opposition against Grant. Without the Curtin element of Pennsylvania that cannot be done, and the President will countenance no efforts to widen the present differences.

BRO. QUAY is angry and refuses to be conciliated. Ever since the memorable night of the second Tuesday of October, he has been shaking his fists in this direction, and saying all manner of ugly things about us. We have not thus far been in the fighting mood, and have patiently waited for brother Q's bile to work off. We are beginning to think, however, that without a change of air, scenery, habits and associations on his part, we are doomed to disappointment. Can we not; therefore, prevail upon him to pack his Saratoga, and hie him to other scenes for a few weeks? On his return, we doubt not, he will think more of himself, better of us, and be less hostile to the "spies and traitors" he imagines he has found in the Republican camp. If, however, it should turn out that we are mistaken in the results of the trip here referred to, and he returns as morose and full of fight as ever, we presume then fight it must be. Until he makes this attempt to subdue his vicious propensities, we are inclined to think it will be a one-sided battle. At the present time we are in an amiable condition of mind—satisfied with ourself, with everybody else—and, as a matter of course, have no stomach for an acrimonious conflict with any one.

In the matter of filling the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. David Stanton, Auditor General elect, there seems to be some embarrassment.

The act provides that the Governor shall fill a vacancy caused by death, resignation, or otherwise. But, says the Philadelphia *Ledger*:

> It is nearly certain that such a contingency as the decease of an Auditor General elect, before he has been sworn into office was not contemplated by the framers of the act just quoted, and yet there seems to be nothing else in our State laws to meet such an exigency. The act was evidently framed to meet only such "vacancies" as those caused by death, resignation or other disability, happening after an incumbent had served out part of the term for which he had been elected. The "predecessor" in the act shows this. The appointee of the Governor to the "vacancy" is to "continue in office until the end of the term for which his predecessor was elected." If the Governor should, under this act, appoint an Auditor General for the next term, the appointee could have no "predecessor" but General Hartranft, and the term for which that "predecessor was elected" will have expired before the supposed appointee can go into office. It is not easy to see how this difficulty can be avoided without new legislation on the subject.

EVEN if inclined to do so, our respect for the memory of the late Dr. Stanton, and the esteem in which we hold his many relatives and friends in and about New Brighton, would prevent us from engaging in a discussion just now with the editor of the *Press* as to what caused that gentleman's death. To do so would be an impropriety of which we do not wish to be guilty. Besides, we have been informed that the more intelligent and thoughtful people of New Brighton, generally, denounce the *Press*' article of last week as indecorous and look upon it as an exhibition of obsequiousness wholly inexcusable under the circumstances.

HERE AND THERE.

—The remarkable self-command of Bismark was well illustrated during a late interview between *him* and Thiers. The latter began the conversation in French, and in the course of his remarks grew so bitter and personal that Bismark would have been justified in breaking off the interview. He however mildly interposed, "Let us continue our remarks in *German*." Whereupon Thiers, although well acquainted with that language, found himself obliged to proceed cautiously and weigh each word carefully. And thus calmness was restored.

—The St. Louis *Republican* prints editorial extracts from nearly thirty leading Democratic papers, in every part of the Republic, endorsing no nomination as the wisest plan, on the ground that the result of the contest between Republican and Democratic candidates for the Presidency would be the overwhelming triumph of the former; in which event the Democratic party, unable to survive four consecutive presidential defeats, would disappear from the stage. At the South this policy finds more earnest advocates than elsewhere, because it is there believed that the ultraism and extreme measures of the Republicans may be fairly attributed to the foolish course pursued by the Democrats.

The Funny Men seem disposed to make the most of each other. Artemus Ward is dead, and, next Winter, Mark Twain is to lecture upon Artemus Ward. Next lecture-season Mark Twain may be dead (though we heartily hope not), and then somebody, we suppose, will lecture upon him, unless the Funny Style should have passed into disuse. The Byronian pleasant to have all our young poets groaning and blubbering about their destiny; but isn't it just possible that we may have a little *too much of* what has been called (we do not know why) American Humor, a great deal of it consisting mainly of bad spelling and syntax? The gentlemen who practice in this school of literature have, some of them at least, plenty of ability for something better.

—While some men at the Torpedo Station were at work inside old Fort Wolcott, last Friday, the wheel of their cart sank deep into the ground. Removing some of the earth to find a cause for this, one of the men struck his spade against what seemed to be an iron plate. This excited the curiosity of all, and they set to work with a will to dig away the earth about the plate. Soon their efforts were rewarded by the sight of an iron door fastened with a rusty bolt. On breaking this open, they came upon a flight of winding stairs, which they descended, and arriving at the foot they found themselves in a dungeon whose gloom was made more marked by the ray of dim light which a solitary loophole at the top admitted. Striking a light to dispel the darkness of the dungeon, they found upon the floor a few withered bones, a skull, and a lantern. The lantern is of such an old-fashioned construction and shape that it must have been made over fifty years ago.

—Those Heathen Chinese at Belleville have been at their vain tricks again, and have furnished another illustration of their peculiarly dark ways. Their employer at that place lately finished a large barracks for them, the lower floor of which was unoccupied. A few nights ago he observed mysterious lights in the rooms on this floor, and suspecting mischief, cautiously approached the building, fully armed and prepared *to punish* the supposed marauders. He reached one of the rooms in which the lights were burning, and pushed open the door—to discover that the wicked and unchristian wretches had carpeted the apartment, furnished it with a large table, placed in the center of the floor, and that a score of them were gathered about it deeply intent, with the aid of the forewoman and her daughter, on acquiring the English alphabet. It is not believed in the immediate vicinity of Belleville that these mysterious actions on the part of the Chinamen seriously threaten the peace or demoralization of the neighborhood.

—The Cleveland *Herald* says: The *guid nuncs*, of Newbury, Geauga Co., have had a very pleasant bit of romance, in connection with a marriage, the announcement of which is in our columns. Thirty-seven years ago this month the present groom took out a license to marry the present bride. For causes that we suppose concern only the parties immediately interested, the marriage did not take place under that license. Meanwhile the present groom has lost one wife, the present bride has lost two husbands, and now the old love is on again and the broken engagement of thirty-seven years ago has been renewed. Whether the two were married under the old license we do not know: whether a license becomes outlawed we do not know—like a promissory note after sixteen years—or whether the three subsequent marriages would cut off the first license, we do not know. Probably all these vexatious questions were avoided by a fresh license, and it is hoped the pair may find that thirty-seven years added to their first love has not impaired its strength. They must love very fast, however, if they would make up for lost time.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10, 1871.

The result of the recent State elections is exceedingly satisfactory to the people residing here from the different parts of the country save in the State of Virginia, where, had the Republicans been properly organized, it is well understood, the Democracy or so called *Conservatives* would have met with a most signal defeat. While Governor Walker ostensibly a Union man and for Grant, when elected, it was early discovered that he had, by pampering for Republican votes,

"Stole the livery of the court of Heaven to serve the Devil in" has all along been active in promoting harmony among his Democratic friends, and breeding discord among the leaders of the Republican party, and owing to personal bickerings among the members of the latter party, the result of Gov. Walker's action, Virginia has been temporarially lost to the Union.

On the 22d inst. the election in the District of Columbia will be held. Nightly, meetings are being held in the different legislative districts, and the result of the recent elections afford flame to the ardor of the Republican speakers. So great has been the success of the Republican party this year that the Republicans have no fear of the result in the election here. The "four million loan" will be carried overwhelmingly, and we are safe in predicting that with its judicious expenditure in improvements the National Capital will be made the most beautiful city in the Union.

Most of the Cabinet officers and Heads of bureaus under them are now busily engaged in preparing their reports for Congress. Some have them already concluded and are in the printers' hands, and from those already submitted, one would judge that they will be satisfactory. Contrary to the anticipation of furnishing Congress with schedule of mortality on its meeting, the Census Bureau finds it impossible to do so, and now nearly the whole force of the office is put upon the Agricultural statistics under Mr. A. W. Paine which is intended to be in readiness for Congress.

As yet, of the Senate finance committee, but few are present, viz: Senator Sherman, Scott and Bayard. It is expected that the tariff and revenue laws will be fully discussed and a bill prepared for the meeting of the next session.

ANNA DICKINSON.

Miss Anna E. Dickenson's tirade against trades unions, delivered here last Friday evening under the name of a lecture on "Demagogues and Workingmen" appears to have produced in this city an effect exactly the reverse of the one intended; for there is scarcely one of the leading newspapers which has not criticised her in terms strangely in contrast with the partial tone in which they have always been accustomed to speak of her performances. Some of their articles have evinced a degree of careful thought and acquaintance with the subjects which certainly did not appear in Miss Anna's fluent, but exceedingly flippant utterances. She has in fact been convicted of blunders in respect to matters of fact which, in a person who assumes the functions of a public teacher, are inexcusable, and as to the laws and principles involved in the question she presumes to discuss, she is freely accused of an utter inability to comprehend them. It is quite evident that she has made a great mistake is undertaking to treat an economic theme, especially one involving such vast practical interests as does the labor question. Eloquent periods, saucy epigrams and brilliant flashes of wit may answer very well when directed against no one in particular, or against an object of general popular dislike. But it is indispensable to Miss Anna's success that her rhetoric should not be subjected to searching criticism; and the fact that she has ventured to provoke such criticism by attacking the dearest interests of so large a portion of the people indicates that she is not only ignorant of her subject, but blissfully unconscious of her ignorance and equally in the dark as to the general level of intelligence among those who for the most part compose her audiences. She might find more than one intelligent mechanic in almost any average audience who could not only correct her on her statements of fact, but could make very short work with her logic. Her talent is essentially dramatic, and she is exceedingly indiscreet in attempting to deal with questions in whose treatment she must necessarily expose the weakest places in her intelectual armor.

But even her pitable lack of information and her feebleness of argument might have been overlooked, had not the animus of her lecture been essentially hostile to the entire working-class movement. This is looked upon as an evidence that she has deserted the cause of the poor and oppressed, for whom in times past she has uttered such feeling and eloquent words. It was this apparent sympathy with the weak and downtrodden, far more than her ability, which won for her the affection of the human public; and popular as she has been, it is extremely doubtful whether, in this city at least, she can ever again draw such audiences as have heretofore welcomed her so heartily.

CHIEL.

MAID, OR ERRING WIFE!

The Cincinnati Letter—Another Phase of the Story.

In Wednesday's issue we gave a letter from an anonymous writer in Cincinnati, containing the description and particulars of an interview, in a den of infamy, by a philanthropic individual signing himself "R," with a beautiful young woman, who stated that she had fled from her home in Pittsburgh to escape the shame and disgrace of her downfall.

Yesterday morning another phase of the story was developed, a gentleman from Cincinnati furnishing the following facts: From the description given of the girl by the letter, he was convinced that the female in question was his fugitive wife. His statement was to the effect that a short time ago he married the girl at Remington, on the Pittsburgh Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, and took her to his home in Cincinnati. A disagreement took place between them and she, in her anger left his house and returned to her father's. A short time since he followed her thither, but for some reason she had left before he got there, and her whereabouts was unknown. In some manner he was led *to believe* that she had taken refuge in a house of infamy somewhere. From the description given by this Cincinnati letter-writer he was convinced that the misguided wife had entered upon a life of shame in the city of her husband's residence. The unhappy husband took the first train for Cincinnati. He states that the date of the Cincinnati letter is only a little over a week later than the time of the flight from her father's house, although she said she had fled six weeks before. Which of the two stories is true, if there be truth in either, is unknown.

THE AUDITOR GENERAL QUESTION.

The question as to how the place of Dr. Stanton in the Auditor General's office is to be filled is a very important one, and we therefore recur to it for the purpose of presenting all the facts and arguments that the discussion of it has produced.

The act act of 1850, under which the Auditor General is made elective, does not specify, as the Constitution does in the case of county officers, that he shall hold office "for three years," and until his successor is duly qualified, but simply provides that he shall be elected "every third year." It further provides that "he shall be commissioned by the Governor;" that he shall assume the duties of his office on the first Tuesday of May following his election; that before entering on the duties of his office "he shall take the oaths or affirmations" required by the Constitution, and give bail in the sum of $5,000. And it further provides that in case any vacancy should occur in said office, "by death, resignation or otherwise, the same shall be filled by appointment of the Governor, and the person so appointed shall continue in office until the end of the term for which his predecessor was elected."

Several questions here arise: First.—What is necessary to constitute a man Auditor General; and second—What constitutes a "*vacancy* in said office?"

The answer to the first question would seem to be plain:

First—He must be elected by the people.

Second—He must be commissioned by the Governor.

Third—He must be sworn, or "qualified;" and,

Fourth—He must give bonds for the faithful performance of the duties of his office.

No one, or two, or three of these things would constitute a man Auditor General; all four are requisite; and he cannot be "in office" failing one of them. Could, therefore, the death of any man who had not filled all these conditions, create a vacancy "in said office?" Colonel Stanton, be it remembered, at the time of his death, had filled but one of these conditions. He had been elected by the people, but he had not been commissioned by the Governor, he had not been sworn or "qualified," and he had not given bonds. He was not, therefore, at the time of his death, Auditor General.

The second question, as to what constitutes "a vacancy in said office," is a little more complicated, but not difficult of solution. At first blush it would seem clear that the death of a man elected to an office creates a vacancy in that office, but it does not follow; and a little reflection will show that a man must be *in* office before his death can create a vacancy in that office. The Governor's power of appointment depends solely upon the existence of a *vacancy in* said office; and if it can be established that the death of Colonel Stanton does not create such a vacancy, it follows that the Governor has no power to appoint.

Fortunately we have a judicial decision which seems to cover the whole question. It is a decision construing Sec. 3 of Article 6 of the Constitution, which provides for the election of county officers by the people. That section provides that "vacancies in any of said offices shall be filled by appointment of the Governor;" and as Section 3 of the Act of 1850, relating to Auditor General and Surveyor General, provides that, "in case any vacancy should occur in either of said offices, by death, resignation, or otherwise, the same shall be filled by appointment of the Governor"—words identical in meaning and purpose with the provision we have quoted from the Constitution, any judicial construction of the former will apply with equal force to the case we refer to will be found in 9 BARR, 513, and was decided by the Supreme Court, Judge Rogers, delivering the opinion. It is the case of Commonwealth exrel. Brown vs. Hanley, and it came up on a writ of *quo warranto*. Hanley was elected Clerk of the Orphans' Court in October, 1845. In October, 1848, O. Brooks was elected to succeed him. On the 7th of November following, before he had been commissioned or sworn, Brooks died. The Governor then appointed Brown to fill the vacancy assumed to have been created by Brook's death, but Hanley refused to deliver the office to him, and the writ of *quo warranto* was brought to test the right of the Governor to appoint. It was contended that the death of Brooks created a vacancy, and that therefore the Governor had the right to appoint Brown.

This, it will be seen, is almost a similar case to that of Dr. Stanton. The only difference is that Dr. Stanton died on the 15th of November and Brooks on the 7th—a difference totally immeterial.

In this case the Supreme Court decided that the death of a person elected to fill an office, before he has been commissioned and sworn *does not create a vacancy.*" Judge Rogers, said:

> "The second Tuesday of October; 1848, Oliver Brooks was elected; * * but having died the 7th of November * * * he never was or could be qualified to fill the office by taking the necessary oath or by giving bond as the law requires."

"The respondent is entitled to hold until his successor is duly qualified Was there a successor duly qualified is the point on which the question mainly, if not entirely, depends. Being duly qualified unquestionably means that the successor shall possess every qualification; that he shall in all respects comply with every requisite before entering on the duties of the office; that in addition to being elected by the qualified electors, he shall be commissioned by the Governor, give bond as required by law, and that he shall be bound by oath or affirmation (*vide* eighth article of the Constitution) to support the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and to perform the duties of the office with fidelity. Until *all* these pre-requisites are complied with by his successor (for if you can dispense with one, you can dispense with all), the respondent is *de jure* as well as *de facto*, the Clerk of the Orphans' Court."

"The Constitution (as does the act of 1850 in this case) provides not only that the officer shall be elected, but that he shall be commissioned by the Governor. This is conclusive proof that *the election alone does not constitute him an officer* in a constitutional sense. For there may be cases where the Governor would be bound by an imperious sense of duty to withhold the commission from a person duly elected by the qualified electors; as, for example, in cases of insanity developed since the election, or the conviction of some high crime or misdemeanor. Where this occurs—and it is possible, although not probable—no person will venture to contend that the office is filled by election, as the relator contends, so as to create a vacancy by death."

So far the Court, as to the general principle that death, before a person has been sworn into office, does not create a "vacancy."

The third section of the sixth article of the Constitution, which this decision construes, differs from the third section of the act of 1850, relating to Auditor General, in this respect, that it provides that the county officers elected by the people shall hold their offices for three years, "and until their successors shall be duly qualified." The act of 1850 practically limits the term of office of Auditor General to three years, and makes no provision for holding over until a successor is qualified, although it provides that the successor *must* be qualified before he can act. It does not follow, however, that this omision in the act of 1850 gives to the Governor the power to appoint where there has been a failure to qualify. His power is limited to filling vacancies; and, as we have seen by the quotations herein given, a failure to qualify, whether caused by inability, or want of commission, or death, does not create a vacancy.

It *does* follow, however that it is the duty of the Legislature at once to supply this omission of the act of 1850, and provide for the holding over of the incumbent until a successor is qualified, as well as to provide for a new election, at the annual election in 1872, for a successor. The whole matter, therefore, rests in the hands of the Legislature; and we feel certain it will take up this case and dispose of it on the broad principles laid down in the decision we have quoted from.

The language of the act of 1850, moreover, limits the power of the Govenor to appoint a successor for the unexpired portion of the term for which his predecessor was elected." Dr. Stanton was elected for the term commencing the first Tuesday of May, 1872; but as he has not been commissoned or qualified, he cannot, in any sense, be said to have occupied the office, and it is therefore impossible that he could be the predecessor of any person appointed to fill his place. As no one now *can* qualify for that term, no appointee of the Govenor could have a predecessor in it, and as the appointee of the Governor can serve only for the term of his predecessor if there is no predecessor there can be no appointee.

The only practical way, then, is to adopt the principle laid down in the Constitution in similar cases—continue the incumbent in office until a successor is duly qualified.

DAVID STANTON, M. D.

At a special meeting of the Medical Society of Beaver county, held on the 7th inst., on the occasion of the sudden death of Dr. Stanton, the following action was taken:

Dr. D. S. Marquis, was called to the chair, and Dr. J. E. Jackson, appointed Secretary. After the organization of the meeting Dr. Isaac Winans, read the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That in the death of our friend and respected professional brother, David Stanton, M. D., we would express our deep sorrow for the loss we have sustained as a Society, and as individual members of a profession he has so long honored; and when we realize that we shall hereafter be deprived of his wise counsel, and sound judgment, as well as his thorough and scientific knowledge of the various departments of our profession; and his genial and courteous bearing in all his intercourse with his professional brethren, we can but deeply mourn, while we submit to this sudden and unexpected dispensation of Divine Providence.

Resolved, That in the death of Dr. Stanton this Society has lost one of its wisest counsellors, and truest friends—one that labored to promote its usefulness and maintain the honor and dignity of the profession; and we would unite our testimony as to the high estimate in which his ability and attainments have always been held by his professional brethren, as well as his genial and social nature, which always made him an acceptable companion and counsellor in all important cases.

Resolved, That in this sudden dispensation of Divine Providence, we can only recognize the hand of an All wise God, who directs and orders all things according to the dictates of His own will, and whose ways are past finding out—and desire to learn from this afflictive dispensation the uncertainty of all earthly things—the certainty of death and eternity, and that we may all be prepared for this important event when it shall come to us.

Resolved, That we, as a body, attend the funeral of our deceased brother, and cordially invite all Physicians, who may be present, to unite with us in this final respect to our brother and esteemed friend.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathize with the bereaved family and friends, in this trying affliction, and commend them to Him who has made this void in their family circle and who alone can bind up the broken heart and heal the wound He has made.

Resolved, That these resolutions be placed on the minutes of the Society, a copy presented to the family of the deceased, and be published in the papers of the county.

[From a Dispatch to the Tribune.]

THE KU-KLUX.

Affairs in York County, S. C.—The Innocent Members of the Klan Released—The Participants in the Outrages Held for Trial—Overwhelming Proofs of Their Guilt.

YORKVILLE, Nov. 7.—The number of Ku-Klux prisoners now in the jail and guard-house in this village is 102, who were all arrested in this county. Some who were arrested under misapprehension have been released, and also a number of men who were merely inactive members of the order, and who took no personal part in the criminal acts committed. These have been released to make room for the more guilty. A few men are detained as important witnesses. Between 250 and 300 men have confessed their connection with the Klan, and have told all they know about its performances. Most of these have come in from the country of their own accord. Every day a crowd of men assemble at the office of the military commandant, who, with the U. S. District Attorney, is constantly occupied in hearing their voluntary confessions, which are taken verbally by short-hand writers. The men who have confessed have nearly all been discharged and sent home. A few who have been concerned in murder, and in whippings and torturings of a peculiarly brutal character, have been held for trial. About 120 men have run away to escape arrest. This is the lowest estimate. Many think over three hundred have left the county, or are hiding in the woods.

The investigations and confessions have established the fact that 12 negroes have been murdered by the Ku-Klux in York county during the past year, and five of these murders had not previously come to light. The victims had disappeared, but it was not known what had become of them. Full details of six cases of murder, with the names of the men engaged in them, have been obtained. In the other six cases the evidence is not yet complete. A majority of the men in jail, and of those who have fled, belong to the respectable classes, being professional men, merchants, well-to-do farmers, and their sons. The greater part of them are shown by abundant testimony to have been concerned in the Ku-Klux crimes. The poorer classes have, as a rule, remained at home and made confessions, and in the language of one of the city officers, "Brandeloth is in jail, or has run away, and Homespun has been paroled." The prisoners are in the hands of the military, and have not yet been turned over to the U. S. Marshal, as required by the Ku-Klux law. It is understood that an effort will be made by the lawyers and other prominent citizens to test the constitutionality of this law, and also the legality of the proceedings under it, which are alleged to have been irregular.

Time Set for Mrs. Wharton's Trial.

The trial of Mrs Wharton, charged with the murder of General Ketchum and others, is definately fixed to take place at Annapolis on the 4th of December next, and the interest in the case is consequently again revived. Applications are already pouring in on the officials from large numbers of persons requesting permits to witness the proceedings. The array of legal counsel on both sides is formidable. Mrs. Wharton has just been transferred from the city jail at Baltimore to the jail at Annapolis, where she will await her trial. She is accompanied by her daughter, who has so devotedly attended her and shared her incarceration since the day of her arrest, never leaving her night or day. They occupy a nicely furnished room, situated over the apartments in which the sheriff and his family reside, and which has nothing in its appearance to indicate that it is a portion of the jail except the iron bars outside the windows. Mrs. Wharton and her daughter are allowed to supply themselves from without with such necessaries as they desire.

Short Sugar Crop.

The New Orleans *Picayune* of October 28th states that instead of the sugar crop giving a fair yield, as was sometime ago generally expected, it turns out that the season has been one of the most disastrous know for many years. It says that the stubble cane suffered extensively from frost last winter, and seed cane was much injured. The long continued rains of early summer laid an embargo upon field operations.

New Advertisements.

THE
American Woman's Suffrage Association
Will hold a Mass Convention
IN
Pittsburgh, on the 25th & 26th of Nov.
AT
LIBRARY-HALL.
Sessions on Friday Evening and all through Saturday.
Mrs. LIVERMORE, LUCY STONE,
and several other celebrated speakers will be present. [nov15-1w.

A BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE
In the Borough of Beaver
FOR SALE.

THE late residence of **DANIEL IKIRT, deceased,** being an excellent and substantial **Brick Mansion** of Fourteen Rooms, with Eighteen Acres of land adjoining, upon which is a good Orchard, Comfortable Tenement House, and Mill for the manufacture of Mineral Paint. The above property is in a beautiful location and affords a rare chance to purchasers to acquire one of the finest homes in the country. It will all be sold together or divided.

For further particulars, call on or address
Mrs. ANN IKIRT,
BEAVER C. H., Pa.
(Pittsburgh Daily *Dispatch* copy cod for 3 mos. and send bill to this office.)

MANTUA - MAKING.
Emily Sewing, &c.

THE undersigned, having had considerable experience in **Mantua-Making,** and general **Family Sewing,** tenders her services to the ladies of Rochester and surrounding boroughs. Her place of business is on River street, two doors west of Spyerer & Sons' store. Charges moderate.
nov15-4w. **Mrs. M. H. KERR.**

J. ANDERSON, having taken hold of his old Foundry again, in Rochester, Pa., will be pleased to meet his old customers and friends who may want either the BEST COOKING STOVE, Heating Stove, or any other kind of Castings of best material and workmanship. All business will be conducted by
jes-tf] J. J. ANDERSON & SONS.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary having been granted to the subscriber on the last will of James Crawford, deceased, late of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pa., this is to notify all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment; and those having claims against the same will present them for settlement without delay.
Mrs. MARY CRAWFORD,
SEYMOUR CRAWFORD,
oct26-6w* *Ex'rs.*

HENRY LAPP,
Dealer in all kinds of Furniture,
LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE FRAMES,
OF ALL SIZES FURNISHED TO ORDER.
Brighton street, above Plow Factor
ROCHESTER, PENN'A.

The largest stock in Beaver county constantly on hand, and selling at the very lowest prices. Coffins and Hearse provided at the shortest notice. Having a large stock of all kinds of furniture on hand, and wishing to make room for fall and winter work, I have reduced my prices accordingly. may24-6m

THE BEST IN THE WORLD!

The Improved Sampson & Howe
STANDARD SCALES,
All sizes and varieties for sale, by
SOUDER & M'CLURG,
63 Wood St., Pittsburgh.
Also, Warehouse Trucks, Patent Money Drawers.
—and—
GROCERS' FIXTURES
sep6-3m.
SAMUEL H. JOHNSTON..... JOSEPH EICHBAUM

Established by Eichbaum & Johnston, 1816.
William G. Johnston & Co.,
PRINTERS,
STATIONERS
And Blank Book Makers,
57 and 59 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.
my24-1y

THE
AMERICAN WASHER!
PRICE, $5.50.
The American Washer Saves Money, Time, and Drudgery.

The Fatigue of Washing Day no Longer Dreaded, but Economy, Efficiency, and Clean Clothing, Sure.

In calling public attention to this little machine, a few of the invaluable qualities, not possessed by any other washing machine yet invented, are here enumerated:

It is the smallest, most compact, most portable, most simple in construction, most easily operated. A child ten years old, with a few hours' practice, can thoroughly comprehend and effectually use it. There is no adjusting, no screws to annoy, no delay in adapting. It is always ready for use. It is a perfect little *wonder!* It has a stimulator giant, doing more work and of a better quality, than the most elaborate and costly. One-half of the labor is fully saved by its use, and the clothes will last one-half longer than by the old plan of the rub board. It will wash the largest blanket. Three shirts at a time, washing thoroughly! And last, but not the ablution of any fabric, from a Quilt to a Lace Curtain or Cambric Handkerchief, are equally within the capacity of this LITTLE GIANT. It can be fastened to any tub and taken off at will.

No matter how deep rooted a prejudice may exist against Washing Machines, the moment this little machine is seen to perform its wonders, all doubts of its cleansing efficacy and utility are banished, and the doubter and detractor at once become the fast friends of the machine.

We have *testimonials* without end, setting forth its numerous advantages over all others, and from hundreds who have thrown away the cumbrously useless machines, which have signally failed to accomplish the object promised in prominent and loud sounding advertisements.

It is as perfect for washing as a wringer is for wringing. The price another paramount inducement to purchasers, has been placed so low that it is within the reach of every housekeeper, and there is no article of domestic economy that will repay the small investment so soon.

$3.50.

All that is asked for this GREAT LABOR SAVER, is a fair trial. We guarantee each machine to do its work perfectly.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES,
A. H. FRANCISCUS & CO.,
513 Market St., Philad'a., Pa.
The largest and cheapest WOODEN WARE HOUSE in the United States. feep6-3m

James H. Rankin,
DEALER IN
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CUTTLERY, PLATED WARE,
WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,
Japannese and Plain Fine Ware,
WITH EVERYTHING NECESSARY FOR
HOUSEKEEPERS.
Call and see our stock and learn our prices
No. 6th St., (Late St. Clair St.)
nov1-1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

CARPETS,
OIL-CLOTHS,
MATTINGS,
WINDOW - SHADES,
STAIR RODS, &c.
A full and well selected stock of,
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
☞ A Liberal Reduction made to Ministers and on Church Carpets.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 Fifth Avenue.
mar8;71—1y] PITTSBURGH, Pa

☞ Blanks, Bill-heads, Cards, Posters, &c. neatly executed at this office.

New Advertisement.

CHICAGO
AND
NORTH-WESTERN
SUFFERERS.

Committee on "Trades" and "Interests" Not Otherwise Provided For, And on
ONE DAY'S INCOME,
Appointed by his Honor, the Mayor of the City of Philadelphia:

Chairman—GEORGE H. STEWART, Jr.

Maj. Gen. Geo G Meade,	L. Montgomery Bond,
Gen. Robt. Patterson,	Pres't Keystone Bank.
John Welsh,	Thomas Kennedy,
[S. & W. Welsh.]	Pres't Spring Garden B'k
Geo. H. Stewart, Jr.	Col. Thomas E. Scott,
Peter H. Simons,	Pa. Central R. R.,
C. Stuart Patterson,	Duncan M. Mitcheson,
Rene Guillou,	James Ross Snowden,
Nelson F. Evans,	Samuel G. Thompson,
Wm. F. Miskey,	Richard Y. Cook,
Ed. H. Hutchins, M. D.,	William G. Crowell.

L. MONTGOMERY BOND, Treasurer.
DUNCAN M. MITCHESON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE COMMITTEE, No. 623 WALNUT ST., PHILADELPHIA, October 27, 1871.

Dear Sir:—The object of the appointment of the foregoing Committee is to secure contributions for the afflicted and suffering poor of Chicago from all those of our citizens who have not yet been called upon to give to the relief of our sister city, and who do not belong to professions or trades, for the canvassing of which committees have already been appointed.

The terrible effects of the overwhelming catastrophe which has ruined and rendered homeless so many tens of thousands of our fellow countrymen, just at the commencement of winter, can only be mitigated by the prompt and liberal donations of all classes of our people. Fellow-Citizens, Manufacturers, Mechanics and Tradesmen of the City of Brotherly Love! give of your abundance and to the best of your ability for the relief of the suffering men, women and children of Chicago or the Nor.hwest, and you will never regret the money you thus contribute.

DUNCAN MITCHESON, Sec'y.
Office No. 623 Walnut street, Philadelphia.
Hours—10 to 3.

The Chicago Fire.—To give some idea of the distress existing consequent thereupon, we give the following brief and comprehensive extract:

[*From the New York Herald.*]

. . . Women and children are going round, seeking something to satisfy their hunger, which there is nothing to supply. No one has provisions or money. What provisions there were in the city are burned or eaten. A few people have enough for a day or two, not longer. Provisions are arriving, but are distributed as fast as possible. Twenty cent dollies have been sent to the station on the North side. At present it is impossible to know who they are. As night comes on the want of gas is keenly felt. There are few candles in the city, and no water except what is taken from the Lake. Great fears of thieves are felt on the West side; and General Sheridan is sth calling for troops from different posts to keep order. All business and work are suspended, and every one is occupied in obtaining something to eat and places of shelter. The sufferings on the North side are heart rending. Fifty thousand men, women and children are huddled together like so many animals. Seventeen thousand Germans and Irish are praying for relief. Helpless children are asking for bread from heart-broken parents who know not which way to turn, nor to do, except to await supplies which must be slow in coming, as there is part of the burnt district where it is almost impossible to travel. Patients had been taken from beds of sickness to save lives, which were nearly spent, were all exposed to the rain last night and the cold raw winds to day. Several deaths have occurred at Lincoln Park. Another night must be spent in Lincoln Park and the brick fields of Division street, and yet another. Trains and extras are loaded to their fullest capacity in taking people away, who in many instances have no place to go to, but yet cannot stay here, and each train leaves five times as many passengers as it takes away. The "Evening Journal" got out half a sheet to-night, and other papers will follow to-morrow.

When sending subscriptions please write names plainly so that they can be correctly acknowledged. (*Form for Subscription.*)

PHILADELPHIA.....1871.
L. MONTGOMERY BOND, Esq.,
President of the "Keystone Bank" No. 1326 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.
Dear Sir: Herein please find our Subscription for.....$ 00
One day's income from our employees.
Total.....$ 00
which please acknowledge in the newspapers.
Very respectfully,
.....Name.
.....Address

Please draw checks to the order of the Treasurer, whose indorsement will be a receipt in addition to the "acknowledgement."

Subscriptions also received for sufferers by the extensive fires in Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin, by which hundreds of miles of forest and prairie and thirty villages were destroyed. When sending subscriptions for them, please to state, otherwise they will be credited to the Chicago sufferers.

Subscriptions received from non-residents of Philadelphia as well as citizens.

Firms, manufacturing establishments, railroad, coal, iron, and other companies (and private citizens,) in and out of the city, should forthwith send in their subscriptions, and *at once* inaugurate a movement among their employees to secure "one day's income," *without wishing to be called upon* or formally notified by the committee.

Subscriptions should be handed to the Cashier then, or to the Treasurer, *

The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., Nov. 15th, 1871.

Circulation Thirteen Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

TIME.	1 w.	6 w.	3 m.	6 m.	1 year
1 square—10 lines,	$2 00	$3 00	$5 00	$7 00	$10 00
2 squares, do	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
3 squares, do	5 00	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00
4 squares, do	6 00	8 00	10 50	15 00	21 00
¼ column,	8 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
½ column,	11 00	15 00	20 00	32 00	45 00
1 column,	22 00	30 00	38 00	60 00	100 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$3 00

Special notices per line, ten cents.

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except for transient advertisements, which must be paid in advance.

GEO. P. ROWELL, 40 Park Row, N. York, AND

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co, 37 Park Row, New York, are the *sole* agents for THE BEAVER ARGUS in that city, and are authorized to contract for, inserting advertisements for us at our lowest cash rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors with either of the above houses.

TIME TABLE.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.—Trains going East leave Beaver Station as follows: Morning Accom'n 5.12; Mail, 2.17 p. m.; Evening Fast Line, 5.35.

Trains going West leave Beaver Station as follows: Mail, 2.46 a. m.; Accommodation and Express, (through to Bellair,) 5.45 p. m.

Pitt. Ft. Wa. & C. R. R.—Trains going East leave Rochester Station (at end of bridge) as follows: Beaver Falls Accom. 6.03 a. m.; Enon accom. 10 a. m.; New Castle accom. 3.30 a. m.; B. Falls accom 12.10 p. m.

Trains going West leave Rochester Station, (at end of bridge) as follows: B. F. accom 10 a. m.; Enon accom. 5.12 p. m.; Erie night express 5.45 p. m.; B. F. accom. 8.37 p. m.

Trains going East leave Rochester (Upper) Depot as follows: Chicago mail 5.15 a. m.; Erie exp. 9.25 a. m; Beaver Falls accom. 9.55 a. m.; Chicago exp. 11.30 a. m.; Chicago exp. 3.35 p. m; New Castle accom. 4.30 p. m; Erie exp. 5.44 p. m; Beaver Falls accom. 7.50

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear for the first time in the ARGUS to-day:

Special Notices—Mrs Fast.
March Term for Medical Students—M. Donehoo.
Woman's Suffrage Convention—McClelland.
Chicago Sufferers—Duncan M. Mitcheson.
The American Housewife—Beswick & Co.
A Beautiful Residence for Sale—Mrs. Ann Ikirt.
Manlin Making—Mrs M. H. Kerr.
Special Notice—C. F. Winter.

Attention is directed to the advertisement in another column headed "Chicago and North-western Sufferers." It always "pays" to help the unfortunate.

[illegible] no news-stand latest novelties in Watches Jewelry and Silver Ware at the lowest prices. [illegible] *Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet:ly.

A Valuable Cow Killed.—Mr. Nathaniel Lindsey of Bridgewater, had a valuable cow killed on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad, by being struck by a train of cars.

The Excelsior Pen—Something new and useful. Call and read the advertisement in our columns. Greatest invention of the Age. Without the Golden Fountain Pen is an unfinished affair, as a pen-knife is to every man. Agents, here is a chance to make money by introducing a good and saleable article. jan25,ly

The Beaver *Radical* says that all Republicans should be kicked out of the party. We would like the *Radical* to tell us who is the kicking is going to be done and who are to be the kickers.—*New Lisbon Journal.*

We will just tell you what we would like to know ourselves.

We are in the most complete line of Watches, at [illegible] *Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet:ly

Messrs. Orr and Donehoo, of this place, who have been on a tramp through Eastern and Western Virginia, returned home last week. They are highly pleased with their trip, and propose going over a portion of it again in a couple of weeks, with a view of making some real estate purchases.

Cure for chronic rheumatism of several severity, cured by *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*, is noticed by one of our exchanges. A large bunch came out upon the breast of the sufferer, and pierced like part of the breast bone.

[illegible] Watches, Watches, none but reliable Solid Silver Ware and prices to suit all desired. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street Pittsburgh. jet:ly

Surveyor General. elect, Col. R. H. Hall, of Portsville, Pa., was in attendance at the funeral of Dr. David Stanton, on Tuesday of last week.

We also noticed Col. Russell Errett, Secretary and Chairman of the State Republican Committee, at the funeral of our distinguished fellow-citizen.

[illegible] Watches, Solid Silver Table Ware, and Silver Plated Ware, at prices to suit all desired. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet:ly

Pennsylvania Twins.—Among the many social facts developed by the late statistics is the appearance on the list of Pennsylvania of one family with four pairs of twins, one family with six children, and another with four pairs. The father of the last group had six other children, and was only thirty-eight years old.

Fancy Flowers, Plumes of every color, and very cheap at Will Smith & Co's. [illegible] d&w12w

"JAS. PEN" PENS!!!—All Rochester, Beaver, Bridgewater, Freedom, Phillipsburg and Sharon men, "or any other man," who enjoy that really healthy and scientific game—Billiards—can do so by calling on Mr. H. H. Mills, who has recently fitted up the Hall in the Diamond, Rochester, Beaver county, Pa., (recently occupied by Mr. Frederick as an Oyster saloon) with two Tables; where he will be glad to see his old friends, and as many new ones as desire to indulge in this best of games. nov1-3w

An Accommodating 'Squire.—A correspondent of the Waynesburg *Republican* Greene counting writing from Morgantown, Pa., tells us how accommodating the justices are over there. He says:

"A marrying fever, which had somehow got established, has broken out with unprecedented violence than ever. I learn that a number of the justices in the country were on their way to Connellsville to get spliced, and Squire [illegible], who is ever on the lookout, was afraid he would miss the job and actually went on the road and hunted up and performed the marriage service. On his gateway, and the happy pair went on their way homeward rejoicing that they lived in an age of such accommodating justices.

Sweet Breath.—The sweetest sound in our language is health. At the first indication of disease, use well-known and approved remedies. For dyspepsia or indigestion *Parson's Purgative Pills*. For colds, sore or lame stomach, use *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment*.

Narrow Escape from Burning.—Last Wednesday in the forenoon, the house of the late Dr. David Stanton in Brighton, was discovered to be on fire. Several persons being near at the alarm was given, the fire was subdued before it made much progress. The stove-pipe, it seems, passed through a wood partition, and it was by this circumstance that took fire and came so near destroying the building. But little damage was done. Just now chimneys, &c., ought to be looked after and put in condition to render them safe for the approaching winter. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure.

Have you a severe wrench or sprain? Have you stiff neck, or bunches of rheumatic pains? If so, *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* is a specific for them, and is also the best pain killer in the world.

[illegible] THIS OUT AND BRING IT WITH YOU, AND CALL AT COST—C. F. Winter in New Brighton, will offer his entire stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, and Musical Instruments, at cost, until the 9th day of December, 1871, for the purpose of making room for Holiday Goods. Call and get a castor for $2.00; a lady's gold watch for $7.00, warranted good; a silver hunting case watch, for $20.00; a good hunting Swiss lever, for $10.00, and so on etc. This is no humbug.

ATTENTION is directed to an advertisement in another column, in which "The Little Beaver Bridge Mill Site" is offered for sale. This is a valuable property, and there is no doubt, but that it can be bought at a figure far below its real value. nov1-ts.

"Anti-Luxury League."—At the Leeds Social Science Congress, Miss Marsh Phillips, in a paper on "Social Disadvantages of Women and Their Remedies," suggested the formation of an Anti-Luxury League, for the express cultivation of simplicity of attire, with the Princess Louise as President; and a Ritualist lady writes to the *Church Times* proposing the formation of "A Guild of Modesty in Dress," and inviting any woman of rank in life willing to keep the single rule, modesty in dress, to write to her. "Not," says she, "that we need abjure pretty and becoming dress within the proper limits; we should wish to be pleasing to our friends, even by our personal appearance."

Thereupon the letter writer who makes the report adds: "And really, if women could know how much more charming they are in very simple, modest and sweetly pretty and tasteful dresses, and how much nicer they are than the most expensive, over-trimmed, gaudy and hideous costumes imposed upon them by manufacturers and modistes, they would all join the League without waiting for a Princess or ladies of rank to set them an example; but, in these matters, very few women have any minds of their own. If gentlemen should unite in a league, agreeing not to call upon, much less pay their addresses to any lady whose dress cost over——dollars a year, I wonder what would be the effect upon matrimony and the dry goods trade."

FUN! FUN!! FUN!!!—All Rochester, Beaver, Bridgewater, Freedom, Phillipsburg and Sharon men, "or any other man," who enjoy that really healthy and scientific game—Billiards—can do so by calling on Mr. H. H. Mills, who has recently fitted up the Hall in the Diamond, Rochester, Beaver county, Pa., (recently occupied by Mr. Frederick as an Oyster saloon) with two Tables; where he will be glad to see his old friends, and as many new ones as desire to indulge in this best of games. nov1-3w

CLOCKS, CLOCKS, CLOCKS.—American Clocks a full stock; newest styles; lowest prices. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh. jet:ly

Oil on Island Run.—We understand that Mr. Denis Vaugh has struck a four barrel well on Island Run. Our townsman, Mr. J. R. Blackmore and others are now taking new leases on the Run. Nearer the mouth several new developments have recently been made. The oil business is reviving. Any information with regard to leases or purchases can be obtained by addressing Mr. Vaugn, at Ohioville, Beaver county, Pa. We confidently believe in the Island Run Oildorado. The wealth there has not yet been developed. We feel confident that its development will be a source of wealth to those who push it forward; and, just now, the enterprising have a good opportunity.—*Conservative.*

WALTHAM WATCHES. Being Agents for the sale of these Watches in the City of Pittsburgh, we are confident of our ability to please in styles and prices. *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh jet:ly

Change in the Commissioners' Office.—On last Saturday David W. Scott, esq., who has filled a seat in the Commissioners' office in this county for the past three years, retired from that position, and dropped his mantle on the shoulders of H. J. Marshall, esq.; who was chosen at the recent election. Mr. Scott has made an excellent officer, and the county has profited through his devotion to its interests. It may be long before it has another officer who will be more attentive to his duties, and more obliging in the performance of them.

Mr. Marshall, the new incumbent, will no doubt enter upon his duties with the determination to master them as speedily as possible; and, once mastered, he will be found "the right man in the right place."

WANTED,—50 cords young black walnut. Sticks four to twelve inches in thickness. Beaver Falls Cutlery Co., Beaver Falls, Pa. nov2-1m.

The Funeral of Dr. David Stanton, at New Brighton, on Tuesday of last week, was largely attended, not only by the citizens of his own town and surrounding boroughs, but by prominent men from other parts of the State. The funeral services were conducted in the Presbyterian church of New Brighton, by Rev. R. C. Crichlow, assisted by Rev. Deems, and others. After the religious services were concluded, an opportunity was given to the large abdunce present, to take a last look at the face of the deceased. Nearly every person availed themselves of this privilege, after which the corpse was carried to the hearse, the procession formed, and all that was mortal of Dr. David Stanton, was conveyed to the cemetery, which is located about one mile north-east of town.

RARE CHANCE TO SAVE MONEY.—Freedom Building and Loan Association. The books are now open, so that all parties wishing to secure stock will do so at once.

Meeting every Wednesday evening.

J. B. CHENEY,
S. MORGAN,
R. H. MCCASKEY,
S. A. CRAIG.
Committee.

nov3-2w.

There are a few men in every community who never do anything to assist public improvement, and always protest that such and such institutions don't profit them a cent, but we take notice that every time a town secures a public improvement of any importance, these self-same men put up the price of their land five dollars on the acre. A community composed entirely of this class of individuals would be about as lively as a graveyard.—*New Lisbon Journal.*

The latest and best styles of Jewelry, in all its various branches to be found at *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, 93 Market street, Pittsburgh jet:ly

Villainous Attempts.—Some dastards have been recently trying to throw the trains from the track of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad. The individuals engaged in this villainous work have been taking considerable pains to make a wreck certain, and it seems almost a miracle that they have so far been unsuccessful. The place selected for their operation by these villains is the vicinity of Edgewood station, between here and Allegheny. A week ago, a freight train going west made a most miraculous escape from being thrown from the track, by a log placed on the rails in a position that the pilots, no doubt, thought would ensure disaster. A few mornings since another log was fortunately discovered on the track just in time to save a freight going west from being thrown off and wrecked.

FUN! FUN!! FUN!!!—All Rochester, Beaver, Bridgewater, Freedom, Phillipsburg and Sharon men, "or any other man," who enjoy that really healthy and scientific game—Billiards—can do so by calling on Mr. H. H. Mills, who has recently fitted up the Hall in the Diamond, Rochester, Beaver county, Pa., (recently occupied by Mr. Frederick as an Oyster saloon) with two Tables; where he will be glad to see his old friends, and as many new ones as desire to indulge in this best of games. nov1;3w

THE NEW YORK OBSERVER.—Those who wish to take a religious paper, sound in its principles and fearless in its advocacy of the truth—which at the same time has a Department of Secular News, and expresses freely its views on public affairs, maintaining the right and denouncing corruption wherever it is found—will find it in the *New York Observer.*

The Publishers announce that it will enter upon its Jubilee Year in 1872, and that the event will be signalized by the issue of a New *Year Book*, an encyclopedia of information and statistics in regard to the church, and civil and business affairs, such as can be gathered only from an extensive Library. This will be sent free to every subscriber to the paper. Copies of the *Observer* and a Prospectus of the *Year Book* sent free to every one who will apply. New subscribers will receive the paper free until January 1st.

WATCH REPAIRING.—If your watch is out of order, send it to *John Stevenson's Sons & Co.*, Pittsburgh. It will be repaired and returned free of express charges. All work warranted. je7.ly

To Make Moss Baskets.—These beautiful ornaments should adorn our houses more than they do. They are very simple and easy of construction. Get the moss from some old woodland; the green feathery moss is best. Then take pasteboard and make a frame to any form desired. When the pasteboard forms are cut out, take bright colored thibet, silk or satin, and cut pieces the same shape as the pasteboard forms, only one-fourth of an inch more. Place the pasteboard on the cloth, glue or paste the edges down, and sew the pieces together. Take a narrow strip of pasteboard, cover with the same the basket is covered with. Then take pieces of chenile cord and braid over and under the length of the strip. Fasten each end to opposite sides of the basket. Cut the moss from the roots, paste it thickly on the outside of the basket; take chenile cord like that on the handle or ball, glue it in every seam inside and around the top, taking pains to do it all nicely and the work is done.

☞ The season for coughs and colds is rapidly approaching, and every one should be prepared to check the first symptoms, as a cough contracted between now and Christmas, frequently lasts all winter. There is no better remedy than *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.* For all diseases of the throat and lungs it should be used internally and externally.

Murder in Butler County.—On Friday of week before last, Mr. Hamilton Gillespie, an aged farmer residing near Prospect, Butler county, went to New Castle to dispose of a load of hay. On his way returning, it was dark when he reached Slipperyrock Hill, a wild and lonely place, remote from any house; two young men sprang into the road ahead of his team, one of them felling his lead horse with a club, while the other took hold of the old man. A scuffle ensued, and the second ruffian coming to the aid of the first, they succeeded in robbing Mr. Gillespie of $26, and some valuable papers. Fearing an alarm and pursuit, the villians dealt their victim a blow on the head felling him senseless to the ground, and fled. He was discovered several hours afterwards, by some farm hands, who took him to the nearest house and summoned medical aid. The doctors ascertained that his skull was fractured, but after great efforts he returned to consciousness, and circumstantially related the assault and robbery. He then fell into a stupor and died at an early hour on Saturday morning. His description of those who made the assault upon him point to two young men residing in that vicinity who are under suspicion. Great excitement prevails in the neighborhood as this is the third time persons have been waylaid at the same locality.

☞ We often see a large stock of cattle which do not seem to thrive, and come out "spring poor," all for want of something to start them in the right direction. One dollar's worth of *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders*, given to such a stock occasionally during the winter, would be worth more than an extra half ton of hay.

We may bid a last good-bye to the Erie Extension Canal. The property has been sold at Sheriff's sale in order to gain titles for the real estate, and Superintendent Reed gives notice that the boating season will close on the 20th instant, cautioning boatmen to lay up their boats in the basin at Erie, or below the locks at New Brighton, as the company will not be responsible for damages occasioned to boats left in the canal. What comes next, remains to be seen.

A FINE assortment of Shawls, which will be sold at very low figures, at Mrs. Fast's.

Mission Schools Burned.

AMERICAN SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION, }
1122 *Chestnut St. Philadelphia.* }

Hundreds of Sunday-Schools, organized by the Missionaries of this Society, in Michigan, Wisconsin, and Minnesota, have been destroyed by the recent terrible fires. Liberal contributions are needed at once, and are earnestly needed to enable the Society to re-establish and refurnish these schools. The Society will gratefully receive contributions to aid the Mission Sunday-schools destroyed by the fearful calamity in Chicago. All funds entrusted to it for these sufferers, will be judiciously distributed by its Missionaries, who are upon the ground, and familiar with the necessities of every Sunday-school that has been crippled or destroyed. Contributions can be sent to L. KNOWLES, Treasurer, 1122 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

By order of the Committee on Missions.
M. A. WURTS, *Sec'y. of Mis.*

An Unprovoked Insult.—The Beaver *Radical* has not only sought to injure the business of those who refuse to follow its lead politically, but it now turns upon the clergy and postmasters of the county, and offers them an unprovoked insult. Look at the evidence of this on the 18th of last August it had this paragraph standing at its head:

Hereafter the *Radical* will be furnished to Clergymen and to Postmasters of Beaver county free of charge, on application.

Why they were offered the *Radical* free of charge is explained in that paper of week before last. Here is the explanation:

If any deductions are made in our office the *Radical* they are for poor devils who are not able to pay, and not for the county of Beaver or for public officials.

The editor, who will deliberately call the clergy and the postmasters of the county a set of "poor devils," deserves their unqualified condemnation; and if there be not one among them who will "reach for his neck," they can at least do no less than inform him that his gratuitous sheet is no longer wanted in their families. We trust, therefore, that every minister of the gospel and every postmaster in the county will resent the insult in just that way. When it is borne in mind that the editor of the *Radical* himself is the son of an honored deceased minister of the Gospel, it will be seen that he furnishes another powerful illustration of the degeneracy of the times.

The ARGUS has always regarded the clergymen of our town and country, as the very best of citizens; and in order to assist them to some extent in their arduous and self-sacrificing labors, we some time ago adopted the rule of furnishing them with our paper at the rate of one dollar per year, or just one-half our customary rates. A great many of them have already ordered us to put their names on our book, and we confidently expect a great many more to do so. The present is a favorable time to subscribe.

Flowers as Disinfectants.—Lovers of the beautiful as manifested in the flower kingdom will be happy at hearing that flowers, instead of being unhealthy in rooms are, on the contrary, disinfectants to disease. Professor Mantegazza has discovered that ozone is developed by certain odorous flowers. A writer in "Nature" states that most of the strong smelling vegetable essences, such as mint, cloves, lavender, lemon and cherry laurel, develop a large quantity of ozone when in contact with atmospheric oxygen in light. Flowers destitute of perfume do not develope it, and generally the amount of ozone seems to be in proportion to the strength of the perfume emenated. Prof. Mantegazza recommends that in marshy districts and places infested with noxious exhalations, strong smelling flowers should be planted around the house, in order that the ozone emitted from them may exert its powerful oxydizing influence. So pleasant a plan for making a malarious district salubrious only requires to be known to be put in practice.

A Cheap Article.—*Advice* is one of the cheapest commodities in the market. Editors get more of the article than they possibly know what to do with. Of course, everybody who gives them an installment has no selfish motive in the matter. They are governed wholly by a desire to see him succeed mentally, morally, physically, politically and pecuniarily.

Burglars About.—On last Wednesday night, or Thursday morning, the dwelling house of Mr. Isaac Atkins, situated immediately east of the U. P. Church of Beaver was entered by burglars and a general search for plunder was instituted. They went, it seems, from room to room all through the building, and finally dropped out, taking with them considerable wearing apparel belonging to Mr. A. and his son—probably twenty-five or thirty dollars worth. Who they were or whence they came is unknown to Mr. A.

During the same night Mr. J. F. Dravo's dwelling, located on the bank of the river, was also entered—by burglars probably the same persons who visited Mr. Atkin's premises. While in Mr. Dravo's house, a lady member of the family had occasion to descend from the second to the first floor, and while doing so, she heard a low whistle in the house. This whistle was answered in another part of the building. She at once gave the alarm and on Mr. Dravo's coming down the stairs the two burglars made their escape from one of the front doors. They failed to obtain anything at Mr. Dravo's, owing, no doubt, to their presence being so opportunely discovered.

The residence of Mr. George Elliott of Beaver was also visited the same night, and a window raised by the burglars for the purpose of gaining an entrance, but a noise from within induced them to leave.

LADIES, Misses and Children's Balmoral and White Hosiery, Stocking Yarns, Scotch Yarns, Germantown Zephr, Single and Split Zephyrs, Handkn Hoods and Shapes for sale at reduced rates, at Mrs. Fast's, corner of Third and Seminary streets, Beaver, Pa.

The Milk in the Cocoa Nut.—We received a letter the other day from Butler county, to which was added this postscript:

"I notice the editor of the *Eagle* is going for the ARGUS. Clark is going to be a candidate for the Legislature next year. If he thinks in attacking you, he will make a friend out of Quay. But it all won't win; Clark can't get 100 votes for the Senate or any other office. The Clark-*Eagle* ring here would like to be corrupt if they only knew how; but the truth is they have not force enough here to make it an object for anybody to tamper with them, besides they will soon be at the end of their string."

If the *Eagle* editor's motives, aspirations, &c., are correctly set forth in the above P. S. we advise him, before he paces along any farther, to "read, ponder and digest" the official returns of the recent election in this county. He will more than likely make the discovery that the people here have a notion in their heads and act accordingly; that Quay's pets ought to be elected to stay at home.

Hoisted with Its Own Petard.—About the 4th of March 1870, the *Radical* was enjoying the smiles of Sheriff Grieb ing, and rollicking in his official patronage. We demurred a little at this, whereupon the *Radical* came back on us in this wise:

As the Sheriff of Beaver county was not elected through the instructions of the Beaver ARGUS, it is fair to presume he does not need instructions from that source now as to how he shall conduct the affairs of his office. He has an undoubted right to select what journals in the county he pleases, in which to do his advertising. If the ARGUS don't like it—why the ARGUS don't like it, that is all. The majority of the people of Beaver county, who voted for Sheriff Grieb, certainly did not expect him to please the ARGUS in the administration of his office.

If the Sheriff had an "undoubted right to select what journals in the county he pleased, in which to do his advertising" in 1870, why has he not the same right in 1871? Can the *Radical* explain? Just now the tables are turned; the Sheriff has made the discovery that the ARGUS has about ten readers in this county to the *Radical's* one, and he therefore gives the former a portion of the printing which the latter monopolized at that time. "If the *Radical* don't like it—why the *Radical* don't like it, that is all." But it makes a great deal of difference after all whose ox is gored. In this instance the horns do not perforate our animal.

The Soldiers' Orphans of the Phillipsburg, Beaver county school, have raised and forwarded $25 for the relief of the sufferers by fire in Chicago, Wisconsin and Michigan.

MRS. FAST has on hand a full line of Millinery, consisting of Hats, Bonnets, Frames, Flowers, Feathers, Velvet, Satins, Velveteens and Ribbons, which will be sold at low rates.

As Business requires my absence from home during the coming winter, I am compelled to offer for sale that splendid Matched Team I had on exhibition and which took first premium at our County Fair. This team took the first premium for perfect matches at the Ohio Northern State Fair, held at Cleveland last fall, and at all other Fairs at which they were put on exhibition. They are chestnut sorrels with silver manes and tails; six years old; full fifteen hands in height; fine trotters, well trained, and travel well together. If desired, I will also sell harness and buggy with the team.

Any person wishing a first-class matched team at a bargain, will do well by calling on the subscriber soon, as I am determined to sell before leaving home. D. M. DONEHOO,
Beaver, Pa.

Influence of Female Society.—It is better for you, says Thackeray, to pass an evening once or twice a week in a lady's drawing room, even though the conversation is slow, and you know the girl's song by heart, than in a club, tavern, or the pit of a theatre. All the amusements of youth to which virtuous women are not admitted, rely on it, are deleterious in their nature. All men who avoid female society have dull perceptions, and are stupid, or have gross tastes, and revolt against what is pure. Your club swaggerers, who are sucking the butts of billiard cues all night, call female society insipid. Poetry is insipid to a yokel; beauty has no charm for a blind man; music does not please a poor beast who does not know one tune from another. I protest I can sit for a whole night talking to a well-regulated, kindly woman about her girl coming out, her boy at Eton, and like the evening's entertainment.

One of the great benefits a man may receive from a woman's society is, that he is bound to be respectful to them. The habit is of great good to your moral men, depend upon it. Our education makes us the most eminently selfish men in the world. We fight for ourselves, we yawn for ourselves, we light our pipes, and say we won't go out; we prefer ourselves, and our ease; and the greatest good that comes to a man from woman's society is, that he has to think of somebody besides himself—somebody to whom he is bound to be constantly attentive and respectful.

A Destructive Fire in New Castle.—At 12 m. on Tuesday night of last week a fire broke out in the stable connected with the "Mansion House" in New Castle, and before its progress was arrested the entire property, belonging to Messrs. Green & Marquis—comprising the "Old Mansion House," fronting on Mercer street, in which were three store rooms, a stable in the rear, and, a small frame house on the corner of the alley—was destroyed. The stores were occupied respectively by E. Phillips, grocer, on the corner; George Cooper, chemical paint store, and Joseph Norton, Saddler. The loss is estimated at from $15 to 20,000; partially insured. During the fire, Michael Pyle, a hostler at Garvin's stable, fell from the roof of the stable, sustaining injuries of a serious character, though he will doubtless recover.

It is the almost universal opinion that the fire was the work of an incendiary, as it originated in the stable, in which no one having business therein had been after about half past 8, p. m.

From the Easy-Chair Book.

THE HOOSIER SCHOOL-MASTER.

BY EDWARD EGGLESTON.

CHAPTER XVI.

THE CHURCH MILITANT.

Bud was doubly enlisted on the side of John Pearson, the basket-maker. In the first place, he knew that this persecution of the unpopular old man was only a blind to save somebody else; that they were thieves and robbers; "Snap Letter!" And he felt consequently that this was a chance to put his newly-formed resolutions into practice. The Old Testament religious life, which consists in fighting the Lord's enemies, suited Bud's temper and education. It might lead to something better. It was the best possible to him, now. But I am afraid I shall have to acknowledge there was a second motive that actuated Bud to this championship. The good heart of Martha Hawkins, having espoused the cause of the basket-maker, the heart of Bud Means could not help feeling warmly on the same side. Blessed is that man in whose life the driving of duty and the drawing of love impel the same way! But why speak of the driving of duty? For already Bud was learning the better lesson of serving God for the love of God.

The old basket-maker was the most unpopular man in Flat Creek district. He had two great vices. He would go to Clifty and have "a spree" once in three months. And he would tell the truth in a most unscriptulous manner. A man given to plain speaking was quite as objectionable in Flat Creek as he would have been in France under the Empire, the Commune, or the Republic. People who live in glass houses have a horror of persons who throw stones. And the old basket-maker, having no friends, was a good scape-goat. In driving him off, Pete Jones would get rid of a dangerous neighbor and divert attention from himself. The immediate crime of the basket-maker was that he had happened to see too much.

"Mr. Hartsook," said Bud, when they got out into the road, "you'd better go straight home to the Squire's; because if this lightnin' strikes a second time it'll strike awful closte to you. You hadn't better be seen with us. Which way did you come, Shocky?"

"Why, I tried to come down by the holler, but I met Pete Jones right by the big road, and he swar'd at me and said he would kill me if I didn't go back and stay. And so I went back to the house and then slipped out through the graveyard. You see I was bound to come of I got skinned. For Mr. Pearson's stuck to me, and I mean to stick to him, you see."

Bud led Shocky through the graveyard. But when they reached the Forest path from the graveyard he thought perhaps it was not best to "show his hand," as he expressed it, too soon.

"Now, Shocky," said he, "do you run ahead and tell the ole man that I want to see him right off, down by the Spring-in-rock. I'll keep closte behind you, and anybody troubles you, you just let off a yell and I'll be thar in no time."

When Ralph left the school-house he felt mean. There were Bud and Shocky gone on an errand of mercy, and he, the truant of the Church of the Best Licks, was not with them. The more he tho't of it the more he seemed to be a coward, and the more he dispised himself; so, yielding as usual, to the first brave impulse, he leaped nimbly over the fence and started briskly through the forest in a direction intersecting the path on which were Bud and Shocky. He came in sight just in time to see the first conviction of the Church in the Wilderness with her foes.

For Shocky's little feet went more swiftly on their eager errand than Bud anticipated. He got further out of Bud's reach than the latter intended he should, and he did not discover Pete Jones until Pete, with his hog-driver's whip, was right on him.

Shocky tried to hello for Bud, but he was like one in a nightmare. The yell died into a whisper which could not have been heard ten feet.

I shall not repeat Mr. Jones' words,—They were frightfully profane. But he did not stop at words. He swept his whip around and gave Shocky one terrible cut. Then the voice was released, and the piercing cry of pain brought Bud down the path flying.

"You good-for-nothing scoundrel," growled Bud, "you're a coward and a scoundrel and a thief to be a-beatin' a little creetur like him!" and with that Bud walked up on Jones, who prudently changed position so as to get the upper side of the hill.

"Well, I'll gin ye the upper side, but come on," cried Bud, "of you a'n't afeared to fight somebody besides a poor, little, sickly baby or a crippled soldier. Come on!"

Pete was no insignificant antagonist.—He had been a great fighter, and his well seasoned arm was like iron. He had not the splendid set of Bud, but he had more skill and experience in the rude tournament of fists to which the backwoods is so much given. Now, being out of sight of witnesses and sure that he could be about the fight afterwards, he did not scruple to take advantages which would have disgraced him forever if he had taken them in a public fight on an election or training day. He took the uphill side, and he clubbed his whip-stock, striking Bud with all his force with the heavy end which, coward like, he had loaded with lead. Bud threw up his strong left arm, and parried the blow, which, however, was so fierce that it fractured a bone of the arm. Throwing away his whip he rushed upon Bud furiously, intending to overpower him, but Bud slipped quickly to one side and let Jones pass down the hill, and as he came up again Means dealt him one crushing blow that sent him full length upon the ground. Nothing but the laws saved him from a most terrible fate. Jones sprang to his feet more angry than ever at being whipt by one whom he regarded as a boy, and drew a long dirk knife. But Pete was blind with rage, and Bud dodged the knife, and this time gave Pete a blow on the nose which marred the homliness of that feature, and doubled the fellow up against a tree ten feet away.

Ralph came in sight in time to see the beginning of the fight, and he arrived on the ground just as Pete Jones went down under the well dealt blow from the only remaining fist of Bud Means.

While Ralph tied up Bud's disabled arm, Pete picked himself up slowly, and discovered that he "felt considerably shuck up like," crawled away like a whipped puppy. To every one whom he met, Pete, whose intellect seemed to have weakened with his frame, remarked feebly that he was considerable shuck up like, and vouched safe no other explanation. Even to his wife he only said that he felt purty considerable shuck up like, and that the boys would have to get on to-night without him. There are some scoundrels whose very malignity is shaken out of them for the time being by a thorough drubbing. "I'm afraid you're going to have trouble with your arm, Bud," said Ralph, tenderly.

"Never mind: I put in my best licks for Him, that air time, Mr. Hartsook." Ralph shivered a little at thought of this, but if it was right to knock Jones down at all, why might not Bud do it "heartily, as unto the Lord?" Gideon did not feel any more honest pleasure in chastising the Midianites than did Bud in sending Pete Jones away considerable shuck up like.

CHAPTER XVII.

A COUNCIL OF WAR.

Shocky, whose feet had flown as soon as he saw the final fall of Pete Jones, told the whole story to the wondering and admiring ears of Miss Hawkins who, unhaply, could not remember anything at the East just like it; to the frightened ears of the Rheumatic old lady, who felt sure her ole man's talk and stubbornness would be the ruin of him, and to the indignant ears of the old soldier who was walking up and down, sentinel-wise, in front of his cabin, standing guard over himself.

"No, I won't leave," he said to Ralph and Bud. "You see, I jest won't. What would General Winfield Scott say of he knew that one of them as fit at Lundy's Lane backed out, retreated, run for fear of a passel of thieves? No, sir: me and the old flint-lock will live and die together. I'll put a thunderin' charge of buckshot into the first one of them scoundrels as comes up the holler - It'll be another Lundy's Lane. And you, Mr. Hartsook, may send Scott word that ole Pearson, as fit at Lundy's Lane under him, died a fightin' thieves on Rocky Branch, in Hoopole Kyounty, State of Injeanny."

And the old man hobbled faster and faster, taxing his wooden leg to the very utmost, as if his victory depended on the vehemence with which he walked his best.

Mrs. Pearson sat wringing her hands and looking appealingly at Martha Hawkins, who stood in the door, in dispair. looking appealingly at Bud. Bud was stupified by the old man's stubbornness and his own pain, and in his turn appealed mutely to the master, in whose resources he had boundless confidence. Ralph, seeing that all depended on him, was taxing his wits to think of some way to get round the old man's stubbornness. Shocky held on to the old man's coat and pulled away at him with many entreating words; but the venerable, bareheaded sentinel strode up and down furiously, with his flint-lock on his shoulder and his basket-knife in his belt.

Just at this point somebody could be seen industriously through the bushes coming up the hollow.

"Halt!" cried the old hero. "Who goes there?"

"It's me, Mr. Pearson. Don't shoot me, please."

It was the voice of Hannah Thompson. Hearing that the whole neighborhood was rising against the benefactor of Shocky and her family, she had slipped away from the eyes of her mistress, and with breathless haste to give warning in the cabin of Rocky Branch. Seeing Ralph, she blushed, and went into the cabin.

"Well," said Ralph, "the enemy is not coming yet. Let us hold a council of war."

This thought came to Ralph like an inspiration. It pleased the old man's whim, and he sat down on the door-step.

"Now, I suppose," said Ralph, "that General Winfield Scott always looked into things a little before he went into fight. Didn't he?"

"To be sure," assented the old man.

"Well," said Ralph. "What is the condition of the enemy? I suppose the whole neighborhood's against us."

"To be sure," said the old man. The rest were silent, but all felt the statement to be about true.

"Next," said Ralph, "I suppose General Winfield Scott would always inquire into the condition of his own troops. Now let us see. Captain Pearson has Bud, who is the right wing, badly crippled by having his arm broken in the first battle." (Miss Hawkins looked pale.)

"To be sure," said the old man.

"And I am the left wing, pretty good at giving advice, but very slender in a fight."

"To be sure," said the old man.

"And Shocky and Miss Martha and Hannah good aids, but nothing in a battle."

"To be sure," said the basket maker, a little doubtful.

"Now, let's look at the arms and accoutrements, I think you call them. Well, this old musket has been loaded —"

"This ten year," said the old lady.

"And the lock is so rusty that you could not cock it when wanted to take aim at Hannah."

The old man looked foolish, and muttered "To be sure."

"And there isn't another round of ammunition in the house."

The old man was silent.

"Now let us look at the incumbrances. Here's the old lady and Shocky. If you fight, the enemy will be pleased. It will give them a chance to kill you. And then the old lady will die, and they will do with Shocky as they please."

"To be sure," said the old man reflectively.

"Now," said Ralph, "General Winfield Scott, under such circumstances, would retreat in good order. Then, when he could muster his forces rightly, he would drive the enemy from his ground."

"To be sure," said the old man.—"What ort. I to do?"

"Have you any friends?"

"Well, yes; there's my brother over in Jackson Kyounty. I mout go there."

"Well," said Bud, "do you just go down to Spring-in-rock and stay there. Them folks won't be here tell midnight. I'll come for you at nine with my roan colt, and I'll set you down over on the big road on Buckeye Run. Then you just on the mail-wagon that passes there about five o'clock in the mornin', and go over to Jackson County and keep shady till we want you to face the enemy and swear agin some folks. And then we'll send for you."

"To be sure," said the old man in a broken voice. "I reckon General Winfield Scott wouldn't disapprove of such a manœuver as that thar."

Miss Martha beamed on Bud to his evident delight, for he carried his pain

From Correspondence of The N. Y. Tribune.

THE TRAGEDY AT THE MILL.

The Last Hamlet that Fought the Fire —A Village of Cowards and Three Brave Men—Panic and Confusion True Heroes—A Faithful Dog.

When the picture of the awful catastrophe at Peshtigo, Wisconsin was thought complete, wan spectators stole in from the neighboring morrasses to add more shuddering last touches to the lurid horror. So it is here at Ahnapee, Wis. When the list of death is closed, new names are added; and when the total seems complete, new figures change the reckoning. Every mile of waste is alive with the unrecorded romance of individual heroism. "This 'ere," said the driver solemnly, rising impressively on the tremulous platform of the buck-board, and sweeping the air with his disengaged arm, "was the mill—Williamson's mill, where they had the dreadfulest roast that night that ever a human creater see; I did n't see the fire; but I was here next day," he said cautiously. "Tom Bush, the barn master, was here all night, and sot on the peak of the barn a long spell, while the buildings was catching." The vehicle had come upon a wide ashen belt, like a road-way, enclosing an oblong clearing of 5 acres or more. Profound silence rested in the stagnant air—life seemed never to have had existence in the lonely cornor. The smooth, powdery earth lay in alternate strips of white and red ashes, with here and there black squares where the buildings were, and reminding one horribly of a ghastly chess-board, whose last game was between Life and Death, and where Life had been hopelessly checkmated.

Three brothers, Williamsons, owned the mill, and had in the little colony, mother, father, sisters, wives and children. Hastily charging the women to take care for themselves, the brothers set about saving the property if possible. But before the hose could be brought to bear, the savage of life alone became the stake in

THE DREADFUL ENCOUNTER.

The brothers, as proprietors, seem for a time to have been full of calm, brave discretion, and with the full realization of the sudden danger in the first rush of the tornado, attempted systematic plans of preservation. The women were directed, as far as possible, to put on men's clothes throughout, as offering less chance for the fire to catch. So far as known, not a woman heeded the advice. Had they done so, their lives might not have been sacrificed on that ignoble pyre. Even if life had not been spared, the most revolting sights of the massacre would have been spared the heart broken survivors. This was the last shred of coherent conduct among the frightened people. Swift whirling columns of flame had cut through the intervening timber, and fell voraciously on the light frame buildings. The whirlwind lashing the trees into fragments caught the fire in roaring surges, and flung it about in billowy waves among the tree-tops. Slender tongues of fire falling from above, played in malevolent currents across the clearing. A desperation of terror filled men, women and children—a terror as natural as fatal, for, had common fortitude led the group, not a soul need have perished. With one impulse the frantic mass, battling and crowding, rushed to the potato patch. Here a rising ground was crowned by a shallow pit, not six feet around, and hardly, at the deepest part, two feet below the surface of the ground. Men now living, who came almost unscathed through that night of doom, tell how before the evil time, when the fires were raging about, this spot had been fixed on as a place of safety, because, almost in the center of the clearing with no inflammable matter near, it seemed to promise a breathing, in case of general conflagration. There had been constant jocosities and banter about this.

"CENTER OF SALVATION,"

and some one actually attempting to enlarge the cavity had been driven off by good-natured ridicule. Even as late as Saturday it had been used as a place of refuge notwithstanding, and when the actual danger came, the credulous mass remembered the delusive pit. If that fatal spot had not been, if the whimsical belief had not obtained a firm hold, there is not the slightest doubt but the forty-seven that perished would have escaped in the neighboring woods. Into that cramped place, crowding, buffeting, begging, cursing, imploring, pulling, shrieking, men, children and women elbowed and fought in the frenzy of a hideous desperation and terror. Not large enough to admit a dozen by the closest packing, nearly fifty wrestled and crowded about the fatal spot. With ostrich instinct, in the abjectness of their unreasoning fear, men plowed their burning heads under the living pyre. An inextricable pyramid of bodies, in all sorts of conceivable postures, stood in the flame swept place.

There were a few in this awful time that preserved an amazing equanimity. The engineer of the mill, Bryon Merrill, a young fellow of marked character and intelligence battled resolutely till the last chance to save his employer's property, and only when the futility of the effort and the danger to life became obvious, was his self-imposed duty resigned.

A BIT OF ROMANCE

tinges the glaring picture. His sweetheart was a relative of the mill owners, Miss Maggie Williamson, a girl, it is said, of rare beauty and attractions. The young fellow, bright and cultured beyond his kind, regarded with favor and affection for many a mile around, had won her heart, and the two were to have been married. The girl with her kindred had fled to the potato patch, and here, suffocating with smoke, their garments in flames, and writhing in awful agony, the young fellow found the chief part of the people. He tried to scatter the infatuated group; with his hat pressed closely over his mouth and nostrils, he directed the group to break and take refuge in the edge of the timber. Hopeless! The roar of the hurricane, even the blood-curdling shrieks of the sufferers drowned his voice. He tried by main force to tear the hideous mass asunder, but the strength of a giant could not have broken the mad clutch of the wretched sufferers. The group was immovably fixed to the fatal spot, and rose from the burning sand a fiery Laocoon struggling with the coiling flames. Merrill, hastily fetching wetted blankets, threw them over the nearest sufferers, meantime shouting to them to break for the timber, not twenty steps away. Useless. With the skin hanging in shreds upon his hands and forehead, he carried water and poured it on the infatuated group, while the ignoble crowding went on madly among the

SWIFTLY ROASTING CROWD.

The tumultuous struggle had been from the first a loathsome, unreasoning fear; a moment's coolness, a moment's cessation from the frightful effort to wedge downward, would have given life to all. The time came, however, when the faithful Merrill, stripped almost of clothing and burned beyond recognition, had to give up the heroic effort, and plunging through the darting flame, dashed his burning body in the well. Earlier in the catastrophe a half dozen heavy sleepers had found tardiness their salvation from the potato patch, and they darted into the timber belt, which had been carefully burned out long before to keep the fire from the houses. Here, prone on the ground they protected themselves while the mad crowd not ten yards away roasted in their blindness. The falling trees could be guarded against, but nothing could save from the encompassing fire in the clearings. One came, too, whose frail chance of life the meanest creature struggling in that hot pit would not have refused, an old, tottering, half blind, trembling women, mother to the owners of the mill. She must have been forgotten in the first rush, for when she came to the potato patch it was filled with a swarming crowd thrown flat upon their faces in the shallow depths of the potato pit. Seven of her kindred writhed in that hideous knot. Passing on with decrepit step the venerable mother, whose eighty-four years had not worn out coolness and discretion, came upon a great boulder near the edge of the timber. Climbing on this, although half suffocated, she covered her head with her skirts and, with clothes carefully tucked up from the running flames, kept for hours on the back of this unique salamander. The only son that lived through the fire, did not forget his duty, but aided his mother to this forlorn refuge. Be that as it may, with a thick blanket well wetted, over her body and her skirts, out of the reach of the hot incendiary sand, the brave old lady pearched on that rock through

THE LONG NIGHT OF AGONY,

every shriek of her roasting kindred splitting her ears, and their burning bodies almost within reach of her helpless arms. Twice through the night she received succor, once from her son, who came up and wetted her covering, and once from the barnmaster, Bush, who also bathed her head and gave her cool water to drink. Through the whole unspeakable tragedy of piteous cowardice ran this vein of simple fortitude and heroic endurance.

THE MILL BLACKSMITH.

The mill blacksmith, Michael Adams, stands out as though of almost antique mold. He was a man of gigantic figure and grave, rough reserve. When the danger came, he gathered his three children and baby to his great strong arms, and with his wife strode to the centre of the clearing, where he calmly placed them on wetted blankets, and, covering them with his coat, quietly brought water in buckets and saturated the frail protection. The flames hissed and roared about him, but he never desisted. Resisting the hot torrents with wonderful endurance, and even when his hair was ablaze, his hands fleshless and the coals eating into his flesh, continued his efforts for wife and child. The young engineer and the barnmaster shouted to him to fly to the woods. He seemed to hear them, but calmly shaking his head remained at his post. As his strength and sight began to fail, he looked with unutterable yearning toward the helpless group at his feet, then glanced anxiously toward the wood. Whether he saw that there was the better chance for safety can never be known; he reeled suddenly, and

DROPPED LIKE A SHOT IN HIS TRACKS.

When help came to that group the next day, an unscarred babe lay in the arms of its dead mother, the father's arm about both. They were of course, all dead, but the father alone, with one arm burned off, was unrecognizable save by his giant frame. Even the dog that howled, smothering in the hot air and kept in an ecstasy of restless motion to prevent being roasted to the hot sands, seemed impressed by this man's devotion. Wagging delirious inquiry with his tail, and interjecting sharp barks, he seemed to plead with his obdurate master. Hopeless of recognition, then he would poke his nose under the wet blankets, and after a thorough cooling, emerge dejectedly as though deprecating the weakness while his master stood exposed. Sands growing hotter and hotter, the forbearing brute made for the woods, but in mid-career, and almost in the performance of a jig—his legs were kept moving so briskly to keep his feet from burning—he turned longingly as if reminding the man that his was the way to safety. No heed was paid to him, and with painful limps and piteous whines he returned, and settling his feet on the blanket, stared eagerly at his master. His poor singed body was found in that attitude of love and duty.

A GROUPE TAKE REFUGE IN A WELL

At the well which stood nearest the house, a wretched groupe had taken refuge—not only at but in it. six people flung themselves into this last resort, counting confidently on it as a place of security. Finally, when crippled by the fire, and exhausted by his long efforts, the young man Merrill threw himself into that crowded pit also, the place was packed. Even here his presence of mind was all that saved life where life had very little chance. The frail wood curbing above the mouth had taken fire, and the flames began to run downwards fiercely. The paralyzed group dared not put out their heads lest the flames should smother them. But Merrill, without an instant's hesitation, uprose and flung the dangerous thing away, and the barn-master, hovering about the edge of the woods, presently refreshed the smothered victims by a bucketful of water. The well was, notwithstanding, a place of death. The flames sweeping savagely over the clearing, lurched and spit down hatefully into the crowded pit, and soon the bloody blaze from within indicated the fate of its inmates. Merrill still held his mind and resisted the flames. In this he was aided by Bush, who helped him to his final deliverance. He aided all who would listen to him—and to him the few that were saved in a large measure owe their lives. He brought water from the creek to aid those in the potato patch, and kept the sheltering blankets saturated as long as he dared to venture inside the line of fire. It must not be supposed that outside the clearing stretched a solitude of safety. On the contrary, the ceaseless explosions of the breaking trunks and splintered branches wire so terrific, mingled volumes of flame in the tree tops, that the great part of the people preferred to risk the danger of the open ground. But the thick wood had its security, and with care the people that lay down near the edge found themselves, when the frightful morning came, substantially uninjured.

Here the climax comes; the tragedy is complete in this

ONE TERRIFIC PICTURE.

The light of the new day revealed only the machinery of the horrid masterpiece. The red glare of the night had changed into the bleak dawn, and the dawn had changed into high noon before a helpful hand broke into the black Golgotha. The barnmaster Bush, when silence had fallen upon the place an hour or two before dawn, took a horse and attempted to make his way to Little Sturgeon; as well try to ride through a stone wall. Leaving his horse behind he struggled, by the bright light of the burning pines, and after incalculable trouble in the way and out of the way, some time about daylight he came upon the ruins of a lumberman's cabin, which by the regular path was not more than two miles from the mill. He had been hours in reaching it, and, worn out by the labors and agony of the night, he sat down to rest. Presently the owner came, and together the two men started back to the settlement. They came first to the well. Merrill, apparently quite dead, was taken out first. Six more came after, all dead, save a child, crowded below its mother at the bottom. Merrill soon gave evidence of life, and was cared for at once. Bush ran to the stone to aid the old woman; the blankets were rolled away. The stone was bare and no vestige of Mrs. Williams could be found. Then they came upon the pit. An indistinguishable heap of arms, legs, and bodies, perfectly still and wholly naked, was all that remained of the mass that came there in abundant life a few hours before. They were all dead, and few of them recognizable. Seven Williamsons perished in the group, among others the young girl, whose long black hair was found clutched in masses in her uncharred hands.

The darkness of a new night threw a pitying vail over the scene when the first relief from outside had succeeded in cutting a way through. The work of burial began next morning, and fifty-nine were accounted for in the fatal clearing. The venerable mother was found on the road to Big Sturgeon the day after her terrible exposure, very feeble and worn out. She was tenderly cared for and is in a fair way to regain what she can count but little—her health. One son out of three was spared. Her husband laid his gray hairs in the terrible holocaust; her whole kindred passed away in the ravages of that deadly night. To this day the woods are not clear of their dead. Bodies in every stage of decay are constantly brought in by the committees, and until that is ended the grand total can only be a matter of conjecture.

—Geo. O. Evans, the defaulting State agent for the collection of our war claims against the General Government, was discharged on the criminal charge brought against him, of embezzlement of $291,000 of the funds of the Commonwealth. The deciding judge, Hon. John J. Pearson, held that he was not an officer of the State, and hence could not be held to account for any embezzlement in a criminal court. He went so far as to assert that "in all that has been laid before us we have not perceived the slightest evidence of fraud, on the one side or the other; but it is an ordinary case which should have been settled by the law in the usual way, under the act of 1811, on notice to the defendant, allowing him what would be right by way of compensation, and striking the balance, which, if not appealed from in sixty days, would have been conclusive, and if appealed from, the State would have had security for its money. The balance thus found due and unappealed from would have been as fixed and determinate as the judgment of a court, and payment could have been enforced by the process of the law, both civil and criminal." The court held the prisoner on a capias to answer for the funds retained by him, in bail to the amount of $100,000.—*Pittsburgh Gazette.*

—At a recent spiritual seance, there was present a woman who mourned the loss of her consort, and as the manifestations began to respond, the spirit of the departed Benedict appeared upon the scene.

Of course the widow was anxious to engage in conversation with the absent one, and the following dialogue ensued:

Widow—Are you in the spirit World?

The Lamented—I am.

Widow—How long have you been there?

The Lamented—Oh! some time.

Widow—Don't you want to come back and be with your lonely wife?

The Lamented—Not if I know myself. It's hot enough here.

—"You never saw such a happy lot of people as we had yesterday," said a landlady in Indiana, to a newly arrived guest; "there were thirteen couples of them." "What, thirteen couples just married?" Oh no, no, no, sir; thirteen couples just divorced!"

—Jones said to a crusty old bachelor, "What a pity that poor Billy Smith has gone blind. Loss of sight is a terrible thing and the fellow's eyes are quite sealed up." "Let him marry then," exclaimed the waspish old celibate, "let him marry, and if don't open his eyes, then his case is indeed hopeless."

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For **Dropsy** and **Dropsical Swellings** they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For **Suppression**, a large dose should be taken, as it produces the desired effect by sympathy.

As a **Dinner Pill**, take one or two *Pills* to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is often advantageous when no serious derangement exists. One who feels tolerably well, often finds that a dose of these *Pills* makes him feel decidedly better, from their cleansing and renovating effect on the digestive apparatus.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

oct.4:1y

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$426 A MONTH! Horse furnished. Expenses paid. H. B. SHAW, Alfred, Me.

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PLOWS,

The GREAT WESTERN has no Superior for this Locality.

STOVES:

Stoves of Different Styles for Heating and Cooking.

The Great Republic Cooking Stove

Has the best Record of any Stove ever offered in this market.

IT TAKES LESS FUEL,

LESS ROOM TO DO MORE WORK,

BEST BAKER,

MOST DURABLE

ALTOGETHER

THE BEST STOVE IN USE.

In connection with the stove I have got up a Patent

EXTENSION TOP,

which occupies little room, no additional fuel, and is not liable to wear out, dispenses with all pipe, can be put on or taken off at any time, and made to suit all stoves of any size or pattern.

Carpenters' Supplies Constantly Kept on Hand.

Every manner of Shop-Work made to order. oct4:1y

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Most of whose names have been published in the Argus, are confidently referred to, to bear witness of its superior merits as a cooking stove.

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apr20:tf.

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feb6-1y-chd apr5-nov1.

Miscellaneous.

$100,000,000

FOR

REDEMPTION OF U. S. 5-20 BONDS,

Of 1862,

DECEMBER 1st, 1871.

DUQUESNE SAVINGS BANK,

No. 64 Fourth Ave.,

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Authorized Capital, - $500,000.

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Offer their services in returning to the Treasury Department the series of U. S. Coupon Bonds, dated May 1, 1862, as follows:

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1 " 40,011,	"	500	"
1 " 74,104,	"	1,000	"

Also, registered bonds of the same Act:

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1 " 4,103,	"	100	"
1 " 1,899,	"	500	"
1 " 8,906,	"	1,000	"
1 " 2,665,	"	5,000	"
1 " 2,906,	"	10,000	"

Notice has been given, by the Treasury Department, that all interests will cease on the Bonds designated by the numbers above mentioned, on and after December 1st, 1871.

The holders of these Bonds will therefore see the necessity of taking steps to have their money remunerative after that date. All Bonds forwarded to us for redemption will be sent to the Treasury Department, and the proceeds placed to the owner's credit, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum interest.

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sep14-3m

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Resembling gold. Acknowledged by all who have used it to be the best Pen made or sold in the world. With each Pen of this kind we will guarantee a demonstration of its superiority over any Pen now sold. Pen up to best silver Pens. SOLD ONLY BY AGENTS, and for this reason we can give Agents more and better inducements than any other Pen. Profit 6 or $300 per month. Two sample Pens, 10 cents; two boxes, 50 cents; dozen boxes, $1.00; twelve boxes, $3.00. Address,

WESTERN PUBLISHING CO.

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CAUTION.—The great popularity of these Pens has led to many imitations of an inferior quality. Buy only the genuine FOUNTAIN PEN sold by this Company. In writing for Pens give your Name, Town, County, and State, plainly written, and orders will meet with prompt attention. jan25:1y

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WATER ST., ROCHESTER, PA.

HENRY WHITEFIELD,

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DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES AND BUILDING TIMBER

Having purchased the the territorial interest of Mr J. C. Anderson, owner of the several patents covering certain improvements in the construction and joining of weatherboards and linings for houses and other buildings, we are the only persons authorized to make and sell the same within the limits of Beaver county. Parties interested will please observe this.

Carpenters' Supplies Constantly Kept on Hand.

Every manner of Shop-Work made to order. oct4:1y

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(ESTABLISHED 1842)

No. 35 Market st.,

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MANUFACTURERS OF

Wire - Guards

FOR STORES, FACTORIES, &c.

WOVE WIRE SEIVES,

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FENDERS, TRAPS, CAGES

And Wire Work of all kinds. [sep23:3m

Bridgewater Foundry,

Thomas Campbell,

Proprietor,

Continues to manufacture the unequaled Crystal Palace Cooking Stove.

With thousands of good housewives in Beaver, Butler, Allegheny and Washington counties, this stove has won an unrivalled reputation for simplicity and effectiveness for all culinary purposes.

Having by the latest alterations, remedied all real or imaginary defects, none now find fault, except those who are duped by ignorant servants or designing sharpers.

I am also manufacturing four sizes of Heating Stoves, one of them large and suitable for churches and school rooms. Two sizes of Fancy Parlor Stoves with Layton's Patent Damper attached, together with the Young Lion (a sick room stove).

Cast Iron Bob-sled Runners,

Plough Points,

Sugar Kettles,

Jam Grates,

Arches and Grates,

and a variety of other castings.

A liberal allowance made for old Crystal Palace Cooking Stoves and scrap iron in exchange for new ones.

Spring wagon ready to deliver stoves at all times, on short notice. Send your orders to THOMAS CAMPBELL, Rochester, Beaver county, Pa. Box 63. sep20-3m.

TOM KING FOR SALE.

THE celebrated Stallion "Tom King," will be offered at Public Sale at the residence of his owner, in New Sewickley township, Beaver Co., on the 14th of November, 1871.

His weight is 1600 lbs. and stands sixteen hands high. He is an imported thorough-bred Clydesdale horse. Any further information can be had of John Dillan, New Galilee, Pa., or of the owner, whose Post-office address is Freedom, Pa.

nov1:2w J. L. WOLF, owner.

[Conservative please copy 2 times.]

N. D. CONE, M. D., Late of Darlington, having removed to New-Brighton, offers his medical services, in all its branches, to the people of the city and surrounding country. Office corner of Butler and Broadway. sep13:1y

Miscellaneous.

Chas. B. Hurst's

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AND

General Agency Office,

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All kinds of Insurance at fair rates and liberal terms. Real Estate bought and sold. Deeds, Mortgages, Articles, &c., written; Depositions and Acknowledgements taken, &c., &c. Goods and Money forwarded to all parts of the United States and Canada. Passengers booked to and from England, Ireland, Scotland, France and Germ